Heath City School District

Heath, Ohio



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Heath, Ohio

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED June 30, 2019

Prepared by:

Mr. Karl Zarins Treasurer

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Ι	INTROD	UCTORY SECTION
	A	Letter of Transmittalv
	В	
	C	School District Organizational Chartxii
	D	GFOA Certificate of Achievement xiii
II	FINAN	CIAL SECTION
	A	Independent Auditor's Report
	В	Management's Discussion and Analysis5
	C	Basic Financial Statements:
		Government-wide Financial Statements:
		Statement of Net Position
		Statement of Activities
		Fund Financial Statements:
		Governmental Funds:
		Balance Sheet
		Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances22
		Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities24
		Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):
		General Fund26
		Proprietary Funds:
		Statement of Net Position
		Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position29
		Statement of Cash Flows
		Fiduciary Funds:
		Statement of Net Position
		Statement of Changes in Net Position
		Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

D	Required Supplementary Information:
	Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability82
	Schedule of District's Pension Contributions84
	Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability87
	Schedule of District's Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions 88
	Notes to the Required Supplementary Information90
E	Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules:
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds Statements:
	Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds96
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds98
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds101
	Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds104
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds105
	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):
	Major Governmental Funds:
	Debt Service Fund:
	Bond Retirement Fund
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:
	Special Revenue Funds:
	Food Service Fund107
	Uniform School Supply Fund108
	Rotary Fund109
	Public School Support Fund
	Other Grants Fund111
	District Managed Student Activity Fund112
	Management Information System Fund113
	SchoolNet Professional Development Fund
	Other State Grants Fund
	Title VI-B Fund
	Title III Limited English Proficiency Fund
	THETEING

	Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued):	
	Special Revenue Funds: (Continued)	
	IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped Fund	119
	Improving Teacher Quality Fund	
	Other Federal Grants Fund	
	Capital Projects Funds:	
	Permanent Improvement Fund	122
	Building Fund	
	F Fiduciary Fund – Agency Funds:	
	Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	125
III	STATISTICAL SECTION	
	Net Position by Component - Last Ten Years	S 2
	Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Years	
	Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	
	Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Years	
	Assessed Valuations and Estimated True Values of Taxable Property - Last Ten	
	Calendar Years	S 14
	Property Tax Rates of Direct and Overlapping Governments - Last Ten	
	Calendar Years	S 16
	Principal Taxpayers - Real Estate Tax and Public Utilities Personal Property -	
	Current Year and Nine Years Ago	S 19
	Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Years	
	Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type - Last Ten Years	
	Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Years	S 24
	Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental	
	Activities - Current Year	S 27
	Debt Limitations - Last Ten Years	S 28
	Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Years	S 30
	Principal Employers - Current Year and Nine Years Ago	S 33
	School District Employees by Type - Last Ten Years	
	Operating Indicators - Cost per Pupil - Last Ten Years	S 36
	Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Years	
	Operating Indicators - Teacher Base Salaries - Last Ten Years	S 40
	Capital Asset Statistics by Building - Last Ten Years	S 42
	Educational and Operating Statistics - Last Ten Years	S 44



"Ensuring all students learn and grow is our collective responsibility."



107 Lancaster Drive, Heath, Ohio 43056 (740) 238 -7110 • www.heath.k12.oh.us

December 26, 2019

Board of Education Members and Citizens of the Heath City School District:

As the Superintendent and Treasurer of the Heath City School District (the District), we are pleased to submit to you this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) issued by the District. This CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2019 is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and in conformance with standards of financial reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) using guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA).

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Heath City School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

The District provides a full range of education programs and services to 1,685 students. These include elementary and secondary curriculum offerings at the general, college preparatory, and vocational levels, a broad range of co-curricular and extracurricular activities, and special education services.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The District is located within the City of Heath in Licking County, which is situated in the east-central part of the state. Heath is a community of 10,310 people. It is located approximately 6 miles north of Interstate 70, 45 miles east of Columbus and is bounded on the north by Newark, the county seat of Licking County. State Routes 79 and 13 serve as the major transportation arteries.

Long-Term Financial Planning – The District prepares a five-year forecast for use as a tool for long range planning. The five-year forecast projects local and state revenues, spending patterns within each area of the budget, and cash balances in the District's operating fund. The District uses the five-year forecast to provide a basis for making financial decisions, including the construction of the annual budget, adjustments to staffing levels, collective bargaining, and the placement of tax levies on the ballot.

The District currently maintains a solid cash balance as a result of historically responsible management of its finances. The District's General Fund receives approximately 48% of its receipts from local real estate taxes and approximately 37% from state funding.

Overall, local property tax collections increased by 2.1% in fiscal year 2019, or \$199,262 on a cash basis. This increase was led by new construction in public utility personal property. Property taxes are generally a function of the tax rate and property valuations. It is important to note that due to Ohio tax law, real estate revenue does not increase proportionately with property valuation increases. The District benefits most from new construction, and least from valuation increases on existing property. Residential and Agricultural property values are approximately 53% of total taxable property valuations in the District; while business valuations represent approximately 47%. Property values increased by 2.4% in calendar year 2018, impacting collections in calendar year 2019. The District anticipates that property valuations will be stable until the next county auditor update of valuations in calendar 2020; impacting collections in calendar year 2021. Early indications are strong residential valuation appreciation and modest business valuation appreciation. Valuation increases from new construction is expected to be limited.

State funding in fiscal year 2019 increased by \$164,177 (2.5%) on a cash basis because state law "capped" growth rates in funding based on the state formula to 3% growth each year. Funding growth in fiscal year 2019 was simply funding for students that previously were not funded due to this growth "cap". Going forward, the state legislature effectively ended the use of its formula based funding methodology and held funding in fiscal year 2020 equal to funding in fiscal year 2019. State funding does incorporate new student wellness funds in fiscal year 2020. The amount of these funds are generally consistent with the District's inflationary increase expectations, but the use of these funds will be limited to student health and wellness initiatives.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Related to state funding, but considered "other revenue;" the District has continued its open enrollment policy allowing resident students from other school districts to attend Heath City Schools. State funding for these students is redirected to the District. In fiscal year 2019 the District allowed the number of open enrolled students to continue to expand to 260 individuals, which resulted in a funding increase of \$303,747 (24.0%). This is offset by students leaving the District to attend other districts and private charter schools, which remained stable from the prior year. The practice of accepting students from other districts continues to have a positive impact on the District's revenues.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Current:

During fiscal year 2019, the District continued to work toward both operational and educational goals.

Operationally, the District made several strides to modernize facilities, minimize financial variability, and improve its business operations.

- The District conducted a series of community and stakeholder meetings to develop a facilities and funding plan. Initially it was expected that the State of Ohio (OFCC) would fund 42% of any construction initiatives during 2020. However, later the OFCC informed the District that it would not be able to meet its commitment until at least 2025. The District's elementary schools and Middle School are between 58 and 55 years old. Meanwhile, the High School is the District's newest school building at 17 years old. Therefore, the District is revising its plans to develop a funding mechanism that can either maintain existing facilities or be used to develop new facilities in the face of fluid state funding commitments.
- The District, in collaboration with the Heath Education Association (HEA), developed an optional High Deductible Health Insurance Plan coupled with a Health Savings Account for its certified employees. This initiative sought to promote health insurance consumerism, reduce premiums for the District and employees, and offer a savings vehicle for employees. This plan became effective in fiscal year 2020.
- The District began a number of capital improvement and repair projects including roof repairs, the addition of air conditioning at the elementary classrooms, resurfacing the High School track, and a lighting energy efficiency project at the High School.

Each year, the District updates a five-year continuous improvement plan developed by an administrative team consisting of the Superintendent, administrators, staff members, business members and the community. Using the Decision Framework and the Ohio Improvement Process the team identifies and develops goals, objectives and strategies to help ensure all students learn and grow.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Future:

Operationally, the District will continue its work in fiscal year 2019 on developing a flexible funding mechanism to address aging infrastructure. In addition, the District will be formalizing its process to prioritize facility maintenance needs.

The District will also upgrade its accounting and human resources software to improve administrative efficiencies and business intelligence to manage operations. This project will replace accounting software from the 1990's using COBOL programing and main frame technology. A modern "enterprise resource planning" (ERP) software will facilitate automation, improved internal controls, and better analysis of operations.

During the 2019-2020 school year administrators and teachers will work to continue to increase curriculum alignment, and will use high quality assessment to inform instruction. Administrators have identified that knowledge of standards and the use of data are a focus for this school year, and will help to strengthen the academic foundation of the school system for the future. The 2018-19 school year saw strong growth scores, as well as bright spots in math and reading, and a focus on those improvements will continue into the coming years.

Student growth measures, which indicate the amount of improvement students demonstrate on a variety of assessments, are a continuous focus of teacher professional development. The District is currently adhering to a stringent professional development schedule which includes weekly TBT meetings, implementation of PBIS and monthly Building Leadership Team (BLT) and District Leadership Team (DLT) meetings to meet both of these initiatives.

District officials are also continuing work on the following initiatives:

- Continued improvement of technological infrastructure.
- Offer various classes of summer remediation and credit recovery at no cost to students and their families.
- Strive to meet all state indicators on the district report card.
- Full implementation of Leader in Me in the elementary grades (K-5) and the LEAD program in grades 7-12.
- Continue excellent growth on the state value-added measure, which is currently a B.
- Utilize STAR Early Literacy, STAR Reading and Math Assessments for identifying students needing intervention, referral for possible gifted identification and/or progress monitoring of students.
- Utilize all available data to drive curricular decisions in the regular curriculum, intervention areas and special education.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM -- The District's accounting system is organized on a fund basis. Each fund is a separate self-balancing accounting entity. The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

INTERNAL CONTROLS -- The Treasurer of the District is responsible for establishing internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft, or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The Management Team is responsible for assisting with implementation of the established internal controls. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of cost and benefit requires estimates and judgments by management.

BUDGETARY CONTROLS -- All governmental fund types are subject to annual expenditure budgets. The procedures below outline the District's budgetary procedures:

- 1. The county budget commission certifies its actions to the District by March 1. As part of this certification, the District receives the official certificate of estimated resources which states the projected receipts of each fund. On or about July 1, this certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year.
- 2. An annual appropriations measure is passed upon receipt of the County Auditor's final tax revenue estimates, October or November of each year for the period July 1 to June 30. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbered appropriations are reported as expenditures in the current year. The Board adopts temporary appropriations at its June Board meeting to cover expenditures until the adoption of the permanent appropriations. The appropriations measure may be amended or supplemented during the year as new information becomes available. Individual buildings and/or departments are given building budgeting funds for instructional supplies, custodial supplies, meeting and mileage expenses and equipment. Buildings and/or departments may move funds within their budgets with approval of the Superintendent and Treasurer. Appropriations may not exceed estimated resources and expenditures may not exceed appropriations in any fund at the fund level.

Additionally, the District maintains an encumbrance accounting system as a useful technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for expenditures of funds are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation.

Letter of Transmittal For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

OTHER INFORMATION

INDEPENDENT AUDIT -- This report includes an unmodified audit report regarding the District's financial statements. The audit was conducted by Julian & Grube, Inc. on behalf of Dave Yost, Auditor of State. The Independent Auditor's Report on the basic financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

AWARDS -- The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awards a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to those governmental entities who qualify. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must prepare an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report whose contents satisfy all program standards. The report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements respective to the reporting entity. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The District received a Certificate of Achievement for the year ended June 30, 2018. We believe this, our eighteenth Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, meets the high standards set by the GFOA for a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and we are submitting it to GFOA.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS -- The preparation of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report was made possible by the diligence of the Treasurer's staff. We are also grateful for the services of Donald J. Schonhardt & Associates, Inc. for their assistance in preparing this report. We truly appreciate the contribution made by each staff member in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the patience and support of the Treasurer's Office Staff and the Board of Education, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Trevor Thomas Superintendent Karl Zarins Treasurer

Treasure

Members of the Board of Education and Administration For the Fiscal Year Ended June, 30, 2019

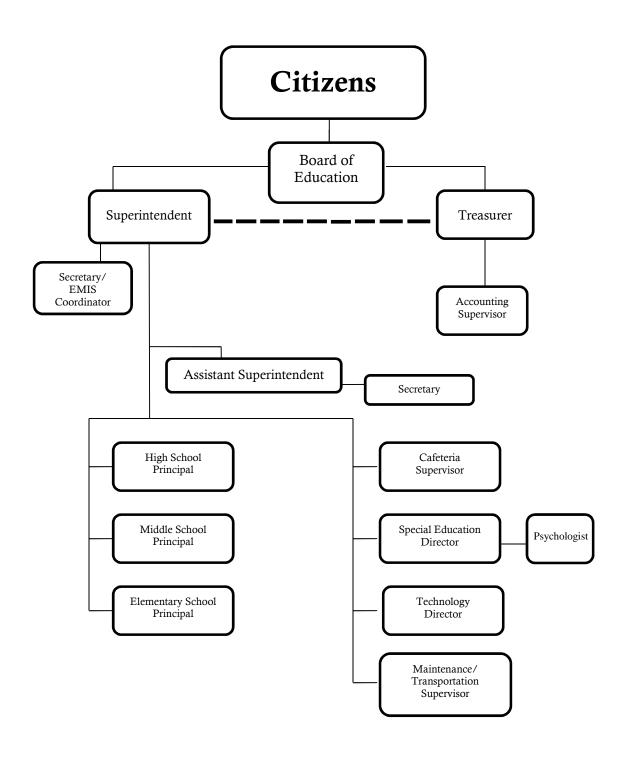
Members of the Board of Education

Name	Title	Years of Service
Ms. Debbie Kelley	President	11
Mr. Sam Smith	Vice President	7
Dr. Craig Dyer	Member	3
Dr. Melody Klontz	Member	3
Ms. Dianne Winter	Member	3

Administration

Name	Title	Years of Service	
		Position	Total
Dr. Trevor Thomas	Superintendent	6	17
Mr. Karl Zarins	Treasurer	2	17
Ms. Kelly Holbrook	Assistant Superintendent	6	21

Organizational Chart For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019



Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Heath City School District Ohio

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





Julian & Grube, Inc.

Serving Ohio Local Governments

333 County Line Rd. West, Westerville, OH 43082 Phone: 614.846.1899 Fax: 614.846.2799

Independent Auditor's Report

Heath City School District Licking County 107 Lancaster Drive Heath, Ohio 43056

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Heath City School District, Licking County, Ohio, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Heath City School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the Heath City School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the Heath City School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Heath City School District Licking County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Heath City School District, Licking County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities/asset and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the Heath City School District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this information to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Heath City School District Licking County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 26, 2019, on our consideration of the Heath City School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Heath City School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Julian & Grube, Inc. December 26, 2019

Julian & Sube, Unc.



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

The discussion and analysis of Heath City School District's (the District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2019 are as follows:

- ☐ In total, net position increased \$3,046,278, which represents a 43.5% decrease in the net deficit from the 2018 net deficit.
- □ General revenues accounted for \$18,867,137 in revenue or 83.3% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales and grants and contributions accounted for \$3,792,890 or 16.7% of total revenues of \$22,660,027.
- □ The District had \$19,613,749 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$3,792,890 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services and sales and grants and contributions.
- □ Among major funds, the general fund had \$19,089,889 in revenues and \$18,629,575 in expenditures. The general fund's fund balance increased from \$8,886,393 to \$9,435,907.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis and the basic financial statements, required supplemental information, and an optional section that presents *combining statements* for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

These statements are as follows:

- 1. The Government-Wide Financial Statements These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- 2. The Fund Financial Statements These statements focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net-position (the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources) is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as the property tax base, current property tax laws, student enrollment growth and facility conditions.

The government-wide financial statements of the District reflect the following category for its activities:

• Governmental Activities – Most of the District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Governmental Funds – Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for various student managed activity programs, various scholarship programs and other items listed as agency. It is also responsible for other assets that, due to a trust arrangement can only be used for the trust beneficiaries. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position provides a perspective of the District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position for 2019 compared to 2018:

	Governmental Activities		Increase	
			(Decrease)	
	2019	2018		
Assets:				
Current and other assets	\$25,364,207	\$23,009,467	\$2,354,740	
Net OPEB Asset	1,013,484	0	1,013,484	
Capital assets, Net	11,088,768	11,169,717	(80,949)	
Total assets	37,466,459	34,179,184	3,287,275	
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Pension	5,036,673	6,005,430	(968,757)	
OPEB	362,368	185,096	177,272	
Total deferred outflows of resources	5,399,041	6,190,526	(791,485)	
Liabilities:			.=== ===	
Net pension liability	17,733,080	18,472,585	(739,505)	
Net OPEB liability	1,887,777	4,111,354	(2,223,577)	
Long-term debt outstanding	11,027,646	11,888,278	(860,632)	
Other liabilities	2,112,248	2,076,943	35,305	
Total liabilities	32,760,751	36,549,160	(3,788,409)	
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Property Tax	11,061,004	9,475,607	1,585,397	
Refunding	230,064	258,821	(28,757)	
Pension	1,038,591	622,244	416,347	
OPEB	1,728,218	463,284	1,264,934	
Total deferred inflows of resources	14,057,877	10,819,956	3,237,921	
Net position (deficit):				
Net Investment in capital assets	2,516,261	2,116,344	399,917	
Restricted	2,329,749	2,166,887	162,862	
Unrestricted	(8,799,138)	(11,282,637)	2,483,499	
Total net deficit	(\$3,953,128)	(\$6,999,406)	\$3,046,278	

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$3,046,278. This increase is partly attributed to changes in the net OPEB asset/liabilities and related deferred outflows and inflows and partly as a result of maintaining expenses below revenues. As presented in the table of Changes in Net Position, total governmental expenses of \$19,613,749 were offset by program revenues of \$3,792,890 and general revenues of \$18,867,137.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

The implementation of GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27" in fiscal year 2015 and GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in fiscal year 2018," significantly revised accounting for costs and liabilities related to pension and to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's net pension liability or net OPEB liability. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's change in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

At year-end for governmental activities, capital assets represented 30% of total assets. Capital assets include land, construction in progress, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and vehicles. Capital assets, net of related debt to acquire the assets at June 30, 2019 were \$2,516,261. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities. A portion of the District's net position, \$2,329,746, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. Excluding the effect of GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District has approximately \$7.2 million in unrestricted net position which may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to the students and creditors.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

Changes in Net Position – The following table shows the changes in net position for fiscal years 2019 and 2018:

Revenues Activities (Decrease) Program Revenues: S2,491,004 \$1,934,950 \$556,054 Operating Grants and Contributions 1,301,886 1,185,904 115,982 Total Program Revenues 3,792,890 3,120,854 672,036 General Revenues: 802,988 1,2056,417 (1,702,237) Grants and Entitlements 7,709,959 7,643,707 66,252 Other 802,998 339,765 463,233 Total General Revenues 18,867,137 20,039,889 (1,172,252) Total General Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 724,166 605,510 126,906 </th <th></th> <th colspan="2">Governmental</th> <th>Increase</th>		Governmental		Increase
Revenues: Charges for Services and Sales \$2,491,004 \$1,934,950 \$556,054 Operating Grants and Contributions 1,301,886 1,185,904 115,982 Total Program Revenues 3,792,890 3,120,854 672,036 General Revenues: "Total Program Revenues" 10,354,180 12,056,417 (1,702,237) Grants and Entitlements 7,709,959 7,643,707 66,252 Other 802,998 339,765 463,233 Total General Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: "Pupils Support 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 106,787 63,368 43,419 Board of Education 10,6787 63,368 43,419 Board of Education 1,485,126 1,094,581		Activities		(Decrease)
Program Revenues: \$2,491,004 \$1,934,950 \$556,054 Operating Grants and Contributions 1,301,886 1,185,904 115,982 Total Program Revenues 3,792,890 3,120,854 672,036 General Revenues: \$\$\$\$-\$\$\$-\$\$ \$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$ \$\$\$\$		2019	2018	
Charges for Services and Sales \$2,491,004 \$1,934,950 \$556,054 Operating Grants and Contributions 1,301,886 1,185,904 115,982 Total Program Revenues 3,792,890 3,120,854 672,036 General Revenues 802,988 33,707 66,252 Other 802,998 339,765 463,233 Total General Revenues 18,867,137 20,039,889 (1,172,752) Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 94,805,701 887,4557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 <td< td=""><td>Revenues</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Revenues			
Operating Grants and Contributions 1,301,886 1,185,904 115,982 Total Program Revenues 3,792,890 3,120,854 672,036 General Revenues: 8 1,0354,180 12,056,417 (1,702,237) Genats and Entitlements 7,709,959 7,643,707 66,252 Other 802,998 339,765 463,233 Total General Revenues 18,867,137 20,039,889 (1,172,752) Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 <td< td=""><td>Program Revenues:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Program Revenues:			
Total Program Revenues 3,792,890 3,120,854 672,036 General Revenues: 802,998 3,120,854 (1,702,237) Grants and Entitlements 7,709,959 7,643,707 66,252 Other 802,998 339,765 463,233 Total General Revenues 18,867,137 20,039,889 (1,172,752) Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189	Charges for Services and Sales	\$2,491,004	\$1,934,950	\$556,054
General Revenues: In 0,354,180 12,056,417 (1,702,237) Grants and Entitlements 7,709,959 7,643,707 66,252 Other 802,998 339,765 463,233 Total General Revenues 18,867,137 20,039,889 (1,172,752) Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,18	Operating Grants and Contributions	1,301,886	1,185,904	115,982
Property Taxes 10,354,180 12,056,417 (1,702,237) Grants and Entitlements 7,709,959 7,643,707 66,252 Other 802,998 339,765 463,233 Total General Revenues 18,867,137 20,039,889 (1,172,752) Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 <td>Total Program Revenues</td> <td>3,792,890</td> <td>3,120,854</td> <td>672,036</td>	Total Program Revenues	3,792,890	3,120,854	672,036
Grants and Entitlements 7,709,959 7,643,707 66,252 Other 802,998 339,765 463,233 Total General Revenues 18,867,137 20,039,889 (1,172,752) Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 757,602 628,413 129,189	General Revenues:			
Other 802,998 33,765 463,233 Total General Revenues 18,867,137 20,039,889 (1,172,752) Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: *** *** *** *** \$** 486,743 219,591 *** *** \$** 1,9521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 *** <td>Property Taxes</td> <td>10,354,180</td> <td>12,056,417</td> <td>(1,702,237)</td>	Property Taxes	10,354,180	12,056,417	(1,702,237)
Total General Revenues 18,867,137 20,039,889 (1,172,752) Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 2 22,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 849,040 424,403 424,637 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (Grants and Entitlements	7,709,959	7,643,707	66,252
Total Revenues 22,660,027 23,160,743 (500,716) Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7	Other	802,998	339,765	463,233
Program Expenses Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 <t< td=""><td>Total General Revenues</td><td>18,867,137</td><td>20,039,889</td><td>(1,172,752)</td></t<>	Total General Revenues	18,867,137	20,039,889	(1,172,752)
Instruction 10,521,710 5,716,009 4,805,701 Support Services: 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net D	Total Revenues	22,660,027	23,160,743	(500,716)
Support Services: 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573	Program Expenses			
Pupils Support 874,557 522,576 351,981 Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 5923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Instruction	10,521,710	5,716,009	4,805,701
Instructional Staff Support 706,334 486,743 219,591 Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Support Services:			
Board of Education 106,787 63,368 43,419 Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Pupils Support	874,557	522,576	351,981
Administration 1,485,126 1,094,581 390,545 Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	**	706,334	486,743	219,591
Fiscal Services 732,416 605,510 126,906 Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Board of Education	106,787	63,368	43,419
Business 16,137 17,892 (1,755) Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Administration	1,485,126	1,094,581	390,545
Operation and Maintenance of Plant 1,933,978 1,598,068 335,910 Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Fiscal Services	732,416	605,510	126,906
Pupil Transportation 757,602 628,413 129,189 Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: \$\text{923,351}\$ 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Business	16,137	17,892	(1,755)
Central 265,375 240,897 24,478 Operation of Non-Instructional Services: 500 <td>Operation and Maintenance of Plant</td> <td>1,933,978</td> <td>1,598,068</td> <td>335,910</td>	Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,933,978	1,598,068	335,910
Operation of Non-Instructional Services: Food Service Operations 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Pupil Transportation	757,602	628,413	129,189
Food Service Operations 923,351 724,156 199,195 Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Central	265,375	240,897	24,478
Extracurricular Activities 849,040 424,403 424,637 Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Interest and Fiscal Charges 441,336 464,897 (23,561) Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Food Service Operations	923,351	724,156	199,195
Total Expenses 19,613,749 12,587,513 7,026,236 Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Extracurricular Activities	849,040	424,403	424,637
Change in Net Position 3,046,278 10,573,230 (7,526,952) Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Interest and Fiscal Charges	441,336	464,897	(23,561)
Beginning Net Deficit (6,999,406) (17,572,636) 10,573,230	Total Expenses	19,613,749	12,587,513	7,026,236
	Change in Net Position	3,046,278	10,573,230	(7,526,952)
Ending Net Deficit (\$3,953,128) (\$6,999,406) \$3,046,278	Beginning Net Deficit	(6,999,406)	(17,572,636)	10,573,230
	Ending Net Deficit	(\$3,953,128)	(\$6,999,406)	\$3,046,278

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

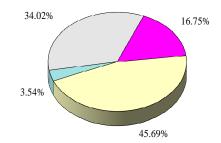
Governmental Activities

The primary sources of revenues for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. The primary sources total \$18,064,139 and represent 96% of total general revenue.

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. In general, the overall revenue generated by the levy will not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00.

Property taxes made up 46% of revenues for governmental activities for Heath City Schools in fiscal year 2019. The District's reliance upon tax revenues is demonstrated by the following graph:

		Percent
Revenue Sources	2019	of Total
General Grants	\$7,709,959	34.02%
Program Revenues	3,792,890	16.75%
General Tax Revenues	10,354,180	45.69%
General Other	802,998	3.54%
Total Revenue	\$22,660,027	100.00%



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$11,751,982, which is higher than last year's total of \$11,039,500. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance by fund type as of June 30, 2019 and 2018.

	Fund Balance	Fund Balance	Increase
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	(Decrease)
General	\$9,435,907	\$8,886,393	\$549,514
Bond Retirement	1,443,227	1,399,129	44,098
Other Governmental	872,848	753,978	118,870
Total	\$11,751,982	\$11,039,500	\$712,482

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

General Fund – The tables that follow assist in illustrating the financial activities and balance of the General Fund:

	2019	2018	Increase
	Revenues	Revenues	(Decrease)
Taxes	\$8,946,436	\$10,489,186	(\$1,542,750)
Tuition	1,743,264	1,425,622	317,642
Investment Earnings	258,422	85,330	173,092
Class Materials and Fees	65,452	59,295	6,157
Intergovernmental - State	7,572,859	7,501,822	71,037
All Other Revenue	503,456	229,227	274,229
Total	\$19,089,889	\$19,790,482	(\$700,593)

General Fund revenues in 2019 decreased approximately 3.5% compared to revenues in fiscal year 2018. During fiscal year 2019, the District had a decrease in Taxes. The decrease in Taxes is a result of recognizing an additional \$0.9 million in Advance Tax payments in fiscal year 2018 for payment of property taxes prior to December 31, 2017 due to changes in the Federal Tax Code. The \$0.9 million of tax revenues which was recognized in fiscal year 2018 instead of fiscal year 2019 resulted in a \$1.5 million decrease between the two years. The increase in tuition is due to a 23.4% increase in the number of students enrolled under the open enrollment option. Investment earnings increased due to a rising interest rate environment, larger cash holdings than the prior year and a larger portion of cash holdings were held in higher interest bearing accounts.

	2019	2018	Increase
	Expenditures	Expenditures	(Decrease)
Instruction	\$10,728,823	\$10,444,109	\$284,714
Supporting Services:			
Pupils Support	808,546	615,764	192,782
Instructional Staff Support	640,078	530,630	109,448
Board of Education	106,787	63,368	43,419
Administration	1,479,478	1,574,745	(95,267)
Fiscal Services	669,479	607,468	62,011
Business	16,137	17,892	(1,755)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,830,963	1,575,075	255,888
Pupil Transportation	700,882	652,338	48,544
Central	292,435	246,830	45,605
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:			
Food Service Operations	2,145	873	1,272
Extracurricular Activities	542,791	450,718	92,073
Capital Outlay	725,296	173,287	552,009
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	77,351	49,331	28,020
Interest and Fiscal Charges	8,384	10,455	(2,071)
Total	\$18,629,575	\$17,012,883	\$1,616,692

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

The expenditures increased by \$1,616,692 or 9.5% compared to the prior year. The overall increase is due to factors that impact several categories. For example, salary and benefit costs increased in almost every category and account for nearly three-fourths of expenditure increases from FY 2018 to FY 2019. Overall, salary costs increased 5.3% in part due to negotiated base increases of 2.0% for certified staff and 2.5% for non-certified staff in addition to step increases. Furthermore, four special education teaching positions were added so that the District could provide services previously outsourced and to provide services to a growing special education student population. In addition, the Board's share of insurance premiums increased 6.9% and a higher proportion of employees opted for family coverage than the prior year.

Instruction services increased 2.7% from the prior year, accounting for 17.6% of the overall \$1.6 million increase from FY 18 to FY 19. As discussed above, the majority of these increases are explained by an increase in negotiated salaries, increases in teaching positions, and increases in insurance premiums. Also, the District purchased additional books and workbooks that will be used over the next three years.

Pupil Support Costs increased 31.3% from the prior year, explaining 11.9% of the overall \$1.6 million increase from FY 18 to FY 19. The majority of this increase is caused by a change in categorizing outsourced ancillary services for special needs students from instructional costs to pupil support costs.

Instructional staff support costs increased 20.6% from the prior year, explaining 6.8% of the overall \$1.6 million increase from FY 18 to FY 19. The majority of this increase is due to the addition of an educational aide and reclassification of a portion of the fringe benefits for curriculum support staff.

Maintenance costs increased 16.2% from the prior year, accounting for 15.8% of the overall \$1.6 million increase from FY 18 to FY 19. Maintenance cost increases include an investment in energy efficient lighting replacement, asphalt repair and sealing, and the repair of the high school auxiliary gym for water damage.

Capital Outlay costs increased 318.6% compared to the prior year, explaining 34.1% of the overall \$1.6 million increase from FY 18 to FY 19. Capital outlay costs increases from the prior year include half the cost of air conditioning the elementary school classrooms and the replacement of a section of roof at the high school.

Bond Retirement Fund – The fund balance did not change significantly from fiscal year 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2019 the District amended its General Fund budget several times, but the overall changes were not significant. Excluding other financing sources, revenues were 6.3% higher than originally budgeted and 1.3% higher than the final budget. Deviations from the original budget are explained by a lower property tax delinquency rate than anticipated, higher public utility personal property values than expected, and a higher open enrollment student population than originally anticipated. The General Fund budget actual revenue increased approximately \$254,114 compared to the final budget estimates. The increase was a result of a refund of prior year expenditures that became known after establishing final revenue estimates.

Actual expenditures were closely aligned with budgeted expenditures. Excluding other financing uses (intrafund transfers and advances taking place within the General Fund that lacked true "economic impact"), actual expenditures were 99.5% of the original budget and 98.9% of the final budgeted expenditures.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal 2019, the District had \$11,088,768 net of accumulated depreciation invested in land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles. The following table shows fiscal year 2019 and 2018 balances:

	Governmental		Increase	
_	Activit	ies	(Decrease)	
	2019	2018		
Land	\$438,952	\$438,952	\$0	
Land Improvements	2,161,359	2,161,359	0	
Buildings and Improvements	22,447,153	22,220,267	226,886	
Machinery and Equipment	1,588,057	1,503,052	85,005	
Vehicles	1,163,027	1,084,996	78,031	
Construction in Progress	406,830	0	406,830	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(17,116,610)	(16,238,909)	(877,701)	
Totals	\$11,088,768	\$11,169,717	(\$80,949)	

The District's capital assets decreased in 2019 due to depreciation, this was somewhat offset by a roof replacement, the purchase of two busses, the start of another roof replacement project as well as the installation of air-conditioning in two elementary schools which were still in progress at fiscal year-end. Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 9.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Unaudited

Debt

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$11.0 million in general obligation bonds, capital leases and compensated absences outstanding, \$1,268,992 due within one year. The following table summarizes the District's debt outstanding as of June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	2019	2018
Governmental Activities:		
General Obligation Bonds Payable	\$9,655,045	\$10,566,487
Capital Leases Payable	113,850	191,201
Compensated Absences	1,258,751	1,130,590
Totals	\$11,027,646	\$11,888,278

Under current state statutes, the District's general obligation bonded debt issues are subject to a legal limitation based on 9% of the total assessed value of real and personal property. At June 30, 2019, the District's outstanding debt was below the legal limit. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 12.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Licking County Auditor performed its latest reappraisal of property values in calendar year 2017, impacting collections for fiscal years 2018 and 2019. The county auditor conducts their reappraisal every 6th year, with an update the third year (CY 2020). Due to the strong real estate market in central Ohio, low unemployment and growth in Licking County, property values are anticipated to appreciate or remain stable.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Mr. Karl Zarins, Treasurer, Heath City School District.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	
Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 8,605,990	
Investments	4,449,476	
Receivables:		
Taxes	11,831,576	
Accounts	19,396	
Intergovernmental	142,224	
Interest	12,645	
Inventory	13,255	
Prepaid Items	289,645	
Net OPEB Asset	1,013,484	
Capital Assets:		
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	845,782	
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	10,242,986	
Total Capital Assets, Net	11,088,768	
Total Assets	37,466,459	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:		
Pension	5,036,673	
OPEB	362,368	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,399,041	
Liabilities:		
Accounts Payable	308,813	
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,520,915	
Intergovernmental Payable	260,227	
Accrued Interest Payable	22,293	
Long Term Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year	1,268,992	
Due in More Than One Year:		
Net Pension Liability	17,733,080	
Net OPEB Liability	1,887,777	
Other Amounts Due in More Than One Year	9,758,654	
Total Liabilities	32,760,751	

	Governmental Activities
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Property Taxes	11,061,004
Deferred Gain on Refunding	230,064
Pension	1,038,591
OPEB	1,728,218
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	14,057,877
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,516,261
Restricted For:	
Capital Projects	737,612
Debt Service	1,442,042
Statutory Purposes	111,260
Federal and State Grant Programs	38,835
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(8,799,138)
Total Net Position	\$ (3,953,128)

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements



Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Progran	Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position				
	Expenses		Charges for			Operating Grants and Contributions		Governmental	
Governmental Activities:			Servi	ces and Sales	and	Contributions	Activities		
Instruction	\$	10,521,710	\$	1,823,216	\$	617,312	\$	(8,081,182)	
Support Services:	Ψ	10,521,710	Ψ	1,023,210	Ψ	017,312	Ψ	(0,001,102)	
Pupils		874,557		83,483		113,165		(677,909)	
Instructional Staff		706,334		0		71,401		(634,933)	
Board of Education		106,787		0		0		(106,787)	
Administration		1,485,126		0		38,118		(1,447,008)	
Fiscal Services		732,416		0		0		(732,416)	
Business		16,137		0		0		(16,137)	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,933,978		0		0		(1,933,978)	
Pupil Transportation		757,602		0		4,755		(752,847)	
Central		265,375		0		7,200		(258,175)	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:									
Food Service Operations		923,351		437,187		449,935		(36,229)	
Extracurricular Activities		849,040		147,118		0		(701,922)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		441,336		0		0		(441,336)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	19,613,749	\$	2,491,004	\$	1,301,886		(15,820,859)	
		eral Revenues		r:					
	General Purposes							8,964,782	
	Debt Service							1,206,282	
	Capital Outlay							183,116	
	Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to Specific Programs							7,709,959	
	Investment Earnings							309,956	
	Miscellaneous							493,042	
	Total General Revenues							18,867,137	
	Chai	nge in Net Posit	Position					3,046,278	
	Net	Position Beginn	ing of Y	Year			(6,999,406)		
	Net	Position End of	End of Year					(3,953,128)	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	General		Bond Retirement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	6,096,377	\$	1,371,917	\$	893,509	\$	8,361,803
Investments		4,449,476		0		0		4,449,476
Receivables:								
Taxes		10,178,927		1,444,108		208,541		11,831,576
Accounts		1,486		0		17,078		18,564
Intergovernmental		13,899		0		128,325		142,224
Interest		12,645		0		0		12,645
Interfund Loan Receivable		69,000		0		0		69,000
Inventory		0		0		13,255		13,255
Prepaid Items		228,193		0		61,452		289,645
Total Assets	\$	21,050,003	\$	2,816,025	\$	1,322,160	\$	25,188,188
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	306,539	\$	0	\$	2,274	\$	308,813
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,395,435		0		125,480		1,520,915
Intergovernmental Payable		241,369		0		18,858		260,227
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		69,000		69,000
Total Liabilities		1,943,343		0		215,612		2,158,955
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Property Taxes		9,514,504		1,351,690		194,810		11,061,004
Unavailable Revenue		156,249		21,108		38,890		216,247
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,670,753		1,372,798		233,700		11,277,251
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		228,193		0		74,707		302,900
Restricted		0		1,443,227		845,627		2,288,854
Assigned		682,787		0		0		682,787
Unassigned		8,524,927		0		(47,486)		8,477,441
Total Fund Balances		9,435,907		1,443,227		872,848		11,751,982
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,								
and Fund Balances	\$	21,050,003	\$	2,816,025	\$	1,322,160	\$	25,188,188

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2019

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 11,751,982
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because		
Capital Assets used in governmental activities are not resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		11,088,768
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		216,247
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:		
Deferred Outflows - Pension	5,036,673	
Deferred Inflows - Pension	(1,038,591)	(12.724.000)
Net Pension Liability	(17,733,080)	(13,734,998)
The net OPEB liability/asset is not due and payable nor available in the current period; therefore, the liability/asset and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds: Deferred Outflows - OPEB	362,368	
Deferred Inflows - OPEB	(1,728,218)	
Net OPEB Asset Net OPEB Liability	1,013,484 (1,887,777)	(2,240,143)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General Obligation Bonds Payable Deferred Gain on Refunding (to be amortized over life of debt) Issuance Premium (to be amortized over life of debt) Interest Accretion (to be amortized as interest expense) Capital Leases Payable Compensated Absences Payable Accrued Interest Payable	(7,870,047) (230,064) (358,546) (1,426,452) (113,850) (1,258,751) (22,293)	(11,280,003)
	(, - >)	•
The internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net position.		245,019
5		
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (3,953,128)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:		General	Bond Retirement		Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Local Sources:								
Local Sources: Taxes	\$	8,946,436	\$	1,203,757	\$	182,702	\$	10,332,895
Tuition	Ф	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ф	1,203,737	Ф	182,702	Ф	
		1,743,264		0				1,743,264
Food Services		0				437,187		437,187
Investment Earnings		258,422		0		43,221		301,643
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		147,118		147,118
Class Materials and Fees		65,452		0		0		65,452
Intergovernmental - State		7,572,859		233,735		33,638		7,840,232
Intergovernmental - Federal		0		0		1,175,567		1,175,567
All Other Revenue		503,456		0		87,569		591,025
Total Revenues		19,089,889		1,437,492		2,107,002		22,634,383
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		10,728,823		0		685,554		11,414,377
Supporting Services:								
Pupils		808,546		0		110,236		918,782
Instructional Staff		640,078		0		54,720		694,798
Board of Education		106,787		0		0		106,787
Administration		1,479,478		0		56,233		1,535,711
Fiscal Services		669,479		20,116		3,000		692,595
Business		16,137		0		0		16,137
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,830,963		0		0		1,830,963
Pupil Transportation		700,882		0		4,755		705,637
Central		292,435		0		4,304		296,739
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:								
Food Service Operations		2,145		0		867,045		869,190
Extracurricular Activities		542,791		0		208,257		751,048
Capital Outlay		725,296		0		0		725,296
Debt Service:		ŕ						,
Principal Retirement		77,351		1,105,000		0		1,182,351
Interest and Fiscal Charges		8,384		268,278		0		276,662
Total Expenditures	-	18,629,575		1,393,394		1,994,104		22,017,073
_		· , ,		· · · ·				<u> </u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		460,314		44,098		112,898		617,310

	 General	Bone	d Retirement	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Other Financing Sources:							
Insurance Proceeds	89,200		0		0		89,200
Total Other Financing Sources	 89,200		0		0		89,200
Net Change in Fund Balances	549,514		44,098		112,898		706,510
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	8,886,393		1,399,129		753,978		11,039,500
Increase in Inventory	 0		0		5,972		5,972
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 9,435,907	\$	1,443,227	\$	872,848	\$	11,751,982

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Of Governmental Funds To the Statement Of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 706,510
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,	
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over	
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount	
by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	(80,949)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current	
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	20,542
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in	
governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports	
these amounts as deferred outflows.	1,411,732
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the	
net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities.	(2,006,268)
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the	
net OPEB liability are reported as OPEB income/(expense) in the statement of activities.	2,098,336
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. notes, leases) provides current	
financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal	
of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.	
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is	
the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and	
related items.	1,182,351
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,	
whereas in governmental funds, interest expenditure is reported	
when due.	127

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated Absences	(128,161)	
Interest Accretion	(238,376)	
Amortization of Deferred Gain on Refunding	28,757	
Amortization of Premium on Bond Issuance	44,818	
Change in Inventory	5,972	(286,990)

The internal service fund, which is used by management to charge the costs of services to individual funds, is not included in the statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.

887

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 3,046,278

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ori	ginal Budget	E	inal Budget	Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive [egative]
Revenues:	On	gillal Budget		mai Budget	 Actual		egative)
Local Sources:							
					0.074.024		(0.44)
Taxes	\$	9,378,700	\$	9,855,700	\$ 9,854,836	\$	(864)
Tuition		1,391,000		1,746,000	1,743,264		(2,736)
Investment Earnings		90,000		190,000	202,808		12,808
Class Material and Fees		2,250		2,250	3,635		1,385
Intergovernmental - State		7,622,385		7,609,551	7,610,257		706
All Other Revenues		79,100		77,100	319,915		242,815
Total Revenues		18,563,435		19,480,601	19,734,715		254,114
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction		10,716,358		10,674,430	10,674,102		328
Support Services:							
Pupils		679,483		789,149	773,699		15,450
Instructional Staff		409,154		626,864	617,009		9,855
Board of Education		102,065		117,365	108,037		9,328
Administration		1,744,837		1,509,772	1,499,524		10,248
Fiscal Services		617,639		697,558	676,763		20,795
Business		21,420		21,426	15,902		5,524
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		1,895,213		1,914,444	1,854,513		59,931
Pupil Transportation		782,742		733,695	719,345		14,350
Central		549,954		347,007	327,003		20,004
Non-Instructional Services:							
Food Services		1,516		2,216	2,145		71
Extracurricular Activities		465,310		512,269	494,559		17,710
Capital Outlay		396,000		544,172	523,656		20,516
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		77,614		77,351	77,351		0
Interest and Fiscal Charges		8,384		8,384	 8,384		0
Total Expenditures		18,467,689		18,576,102	 18,371,992		204,110
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		95,746		904,499	1,362,723		458,224

				Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	5,000	0	0	0
Insurance Proceeds	0	89,200	89,200	0
Transfers In	0	500,000	0	(500,000)
Transfers Out	(50,000)	(520,200)	(20,200)	500,000
Advances In	0	5,000	5,000	0
Advances Out	0	(69,000)	(69,000)	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(45,000)	5,000	5,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	50,746	909,499	1,367,723	458,224
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	8,456,096	8,456,096	8,456,096	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	368,846	368,846	368,846	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 8,875,688	\$ 9,734,441	\$ 10,192,665	\$ 458,224

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds				
Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	244,187			
Receivables:					
Accounts		832			
Total Assets	245,019				
Liabilities:					
Total Liabilities		0			
Net Position:					
Unrestricted		245,019			
Total Net Position	\$	245,019			

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
Operating Revenues:			
All Other Revenue	\$	832	
Total Operating Revenues		832	
Operating Expenses:			
Contractual Services		5,047	
Total Operating Expenses		5,047	
Operating Loss		(4,215)	
Nonoperating Revenue:			
Investment Earnings		5,102	
Total Nonoperating Revenues		5,102	
Change in Net Position		887	
Net Position Beginning of Year		244,132	
Net Position End of Year	\$	245,019	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Governmental		
	Activities -		
	Internal Service		
		Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	\$	(5,047)	
Cash Payments for Claims		(231,816)	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		(236,863)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Receipts of Interest		5,102	
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		5,102	
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(231,761)	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		475,948	
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year		\$244,187	
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash			
Used by Operating Activities:			
Operating Loss		(\$4,215)	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss to			
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:			
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:			
Increase in Accounts Receivable		(832)	
Decrease in Claims Payable		(231,816)	
Total Adjustments		(232,648)	
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	\$	(236,863)	

Statement of Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust			
Assets:	-	al Trust und		Agency
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,270	\$	51,619
Total Assets	Ψ	1,270	Ψ	51,619
Liabilities:				
Due to Others		0		660
Due to Students		0		50,959
Total Liabilities		0		51,619
Net Position:				
Unrestricted		1,270		0
Total Net Position	\$	1,270	\$	0

Statement of Changes in Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust
	Special Trust Fund
Additions:	
Total Additions	\$ 0
Deductions:	
Community Gifts, Awards and Scholarships	100
Total Deductions	100
Change in Net Position	(100)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	1,370
Net Position End of Year	\$ 1,270

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Heath City School District, Ohio (the District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio.

The District is governed by a locally elected five member Board of Education (the Board) which provides educational services. The Board controls the District's instructional support facilities staffed by approximately 56 noncertified and approximately 118 certified teaching personnel and administrative employees providing education to 1,685 students.

The accompanying basic financial statements comply with the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus" in that the statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the District (the reporting entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization and either the District's ability to impose its will over the organization's governing body or the possibility that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the District. There were no potential component units that met the criteria to be included in the District's reporting entity. The District participates in two jointly governed organizations. organizations are the Licking Area Computer Association (LACA), which provides computer services to school districts and the State Support Team (SST11) Region 11. The Licking County Career and Technical Education Center acts as fiscal agent for LACA and the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio is the fiscal agent for SST11. Based on the foregoing, the reporting entity of the District includes the following services: instructional (regular, special education, vocational), student guidance, extracurricular activities, food service, pupil transportation and care and upkeep of grounds and buildings.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of its significant accounting policies.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting (Continued)

The following fund types are used by the District:

Governmental Funds - These are funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of the District's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary funds) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of "financial flow" (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources except those accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

<u>Bond Retirement Fund</u> - This fund is used for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, governmental long-term debt principal and interest.

The other governmental funds of the District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Funds - The District classifies funds financed primarily from user charges for goods or services as proprietary. The District has no enterprise funds. The following is a description of the District's internal service fund:

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> Internal service funds account for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's only internal service fund accounts for a self-insurance program which provided insurance benefits to employees.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's only trust fund is a private purpose trust that accounts for scholarship programs for students. The District's agency funds account for various student-managed activity programs and tournament money for the Ohio High School Athletic Association. The agency fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve the measurement of results of operation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus – Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" services.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, current deferred outflows, and current liabilities, and current deferred inflows, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Private purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The agency fund does not report a measurement focus as it does not report operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting represents the methodology utilized in the recognition of revenues and expenditures or expenses reported in the financial statements. The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is followed by the governmental funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. The term "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period, which for the District is considered to be 60 days after fiscal year end. Grants and entitlements must also meet eligibility, timing and any contingency requirements. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on general long-term debt which is recognized when due.

Under the modified accrual basis, revenue considered susceptible to accrual at year end includes property taxes, tuition, grants and entitlements, student fees, and interest on investments.

Delinquent property taxes measurable and available (received within 60 days) and amounts available as an advance on future tax settlements are recognized as revenue at year end.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes by the government-wide financial statements, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

Revenues – **Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions** – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the Ohio Revised Code and entails the preparation of budgetary documents within an established timetable. The major documents prepared are the certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The certificate of estimated resources and the appropriation resolution are subject to amendment throughout the year.

All funds other than agency funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated; however, only the General Fund is required to be reported. The primary level of budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgetary modifications may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

1. Estimated Resources

Prior to March 15, the Board accepts by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the County Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that the total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing fiscal year will not exceed the amount available as stated in the certificate of estimated resources. The revised budget then serves as the basis for the annual appropriations measure. On or about July 1, the certificate of estimated resources is amended to include any unencumbered fund balances from the preceding year. The certificate may be further amended during the year if a new source of revenue is identified or actual receipts exceed current estimates. The amounts reported on the budgetary statement reflect the amounts in the final amended official certificate of estimated resources issued during fiscal year 2019.

2. Appropriations

A temporary appropriation measure to control expenditures may be passed on or about July 1 of each year for the period July 1 through September 30. An annual appropriation resolution must be passed by October 1 of each year for the period July 1 through June 30. The appropriation resolution establishes spending controls at the fund level. The appropriation resolution may be amended during the year as additional information becomes available, provided that total fund appropriations do not exceed the current estimated resources as certified. The allocation of appropriations among departments and objects within a fund may be modified during the year.

During the year, several supplemental appropriations were necessary to budget the use of contingency funds. Administrative control is maintained through the establishment of more detailed line-item budgets. The treasurer may allocate appropriations among departments within a fund. The budgetary figures which appear in the "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual" are provided on the budgetary basis to provide a comparison of actual results to the final budget, including all amendments and modifications.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Budgetary Process (Continued)

3. <u>Lapsing of Appropriations</u>

At the close of each fiscal year, the unencumbered balance of each appropriation reverts to the respective fund from which it was appropriated and becomes subject to future appropriations. The encumbered appropriation balance is carried forward to the subsequent fiscal year and need not be reappropriated.

4. Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis lie in the manner in which revenues and expenditures are recorded. Under the budgetary basis, revenues and expenditures are recognized on a cash basis. Utilizing the cash basis, revenues are recorded when received in cash and expenditures when paid. Under the GAAP basis, revenues and expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the General Fund:

Net Change in Fund Balance			
	General Fund		
GAAP Basis (as reported)	\$549,514		
Increase (Decrease):			
Accrued Revenues			
at June 30, 2019,			
received during FY 2020	(605,204)		
Accrued Revenues			
at June 30, 2018,			
received during FY 2019	1,483,891		
Accrued Expenditures			
at June 30, 2019,			
paid during FY 2020	1,943,343		
Accrued Expenditures			
at June 30, 2018,			
paid during FY 2019	(1,680,938)		
FY 2019 Prepaids for FY 2020	(228,193)		
Perspective Difference-			
Budgeted Special Revenue Funds			
reclassified as General Fund	(19,062)		
Adjustment to Fair Value	(52,324)		
Encumbrances Outstanding	(23,304)		
Budget Basis	\$1,367,723		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F. Cash and Cash Equivalents

During fiscal year 2019, cash and cash equivalents included amounts in demand deposits, short-term certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less, and the State Treasury Asset Reserve (STAR Ohio). STAR Ohio is a very liquid investment and is reported as a cash equivalent in the basic financial statements.

The District pools its cash for investment and resource management purposes. Each fund's equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents and investments represents the balance on hand as if each fund maintained its own cash and investment account. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

G. Investments

Investment procedures and interest allocations are restricted by provisions of the Ohio Constitution and the Ohio Revised Code. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", the District reports its investments in federal securities and commercial paper at fair value and its nonparticipating investment contracts (certificates of deposit) at cost which approximates fair value. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments, is recognized as revenue in the operating statements. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. See Note 5, "Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments."

During 2019, the District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures its investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value. For 2019, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$25 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$100 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$100 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

H. Inventory

On government-wide financial statements and the governmental fund financial statements, purchased inventories held for resale are presented at the lower of cost or market and donated commodities are presented at their entitlement value. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories are accounted for using the purchase method on the governmental fund financial statements and using the consumption method on the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

H. Inventory (Continued)

On the governmental fund financial statements, inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets.

I. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2019, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

J. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000.

1. Property, Plant and Equipment - Governmental Activities

Governmental activities capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These generally are acquired or constructed for governmental activities and are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost for assets not purchased in recent years). These assets are reported in the Governmental Activities column of the Government-wide Statement of Net Position, but they are not reported in the Fund Financial Statements.

Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Estimated historical costs for governmental activities capital asset values were initially determined by identifying historical costs where such information was available. In cases where information supporting original cost was not obtainable, estimated historical costs were developed. For certain capital assets, the estimates were arrived at by indexing estimated current costs back to the estimated year of acquisition.

2. Depreciation

All capital assets are depreciated excluding land and construction in progress. Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Description Estimated Lives (in	
Land Improvements	20
Buildings and Improvements	20-50
Equipment, Furniture and Fixtures	5-30
Vehicles	8

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Long-Term Obligations

Long-term liabilities are being repaid from the following funds:

Obligation	Fund	
General Obligation Bonds Payable	Bond Retirement Fund	
Compensated Absences	General Fund, Food Service Fund	
Capital Leases Payable	General Fund	

L. Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences," vacation benefits are accrued as a liability when an employee's right to receive compensation is attributable to services already rendered, and it is probable that the employee will be compensated through paid time off or some other means, such as cash payments at termination or retirement. Administrators and classified staff who work twelve month contracts are granted vacation leave based on length of service and position. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. Employees may earn 15 days of sick leave per year up to a maximum of 330 days. Upon retirement, employees will receive one-fourth of the accumulated sick leave up to a maximum of 56.75 days for certified employees or 61 days for noncertified employees, plus one day for each year of service over ten years. Compensated absences accumulated by governmental fund type employees are retired as an expense when earned in the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as a liability and expenditure to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported in the fund financial statements.

M. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. The District did not have net position restricted by enabling legislation at June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

Restricted – The fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Board of Education may assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Through the District's purchasing policy the Board of Education has given the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes in the general fund, which are reported as assigned fund balance.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB asset/liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

P. Interfund Activity

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the basic financial statements. The effect of the transfers has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

R. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary fund statements distinguish operating transactions from nonoperating transactions. Operating revenues generally result from exchange transactions such as charges for services directly relating to the fund's principal services. Operating expenses include claims and administrative costs. The fund statements report all other revenues and expenses as nonoperating.

S. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Extraordinary item transactions did not occur during fiscal year 2019. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. During fiscal year 2019, the District had no extraordinary or special items.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

T. Bond Premiums, Bond Discounts, Gains/Losses on Refunding and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium and discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds. Any gain or loss on refunding is allocated over the life of the old debt or the new debt whichever is shorter.

On the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize issuance costs, bond premiums, and bond discounts in the current period. The face amount of the debt issue is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources and uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

U. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for pensions and for OPEB. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are explained in Notes 10 and 11, respectively.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources are reported on the government wide statement of net position for deferred gains on refunding and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB which are explained in Notes 10 and 11, respectively. The deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. In addition, the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet report property taxes that are intended to finance future fiscal periods are reported as deferred inflows. The governmental funds balance sheet also reports deferred inflows which arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable amounts, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable amounts for property taxes, investment earnings, and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

V. Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTE 2 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For fiscal year 2019, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 83, "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations" and GASB Statement No. 88, "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements".

Statement No. 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs.

The primary objective of Statement No. 88 is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

The implementation of these GASB Statements had no impact on beginning of year fund balance/net position.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 3 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources in the Governmental Funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General Fund	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Items	\$228,193	\$0	\$61,452	\$289,645
Supplies Inventory	0	0	13,255	13,255
Total Nonspendable	228,193	0	74,707	302,900
Restricted:				
Food Service Operations	0	0	65,761	65,761
Community Activities	0	0	1,358	1,358
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	42,843	42,843
Technology Improvements	0	0	5,601	5,601
Professional Development	0	0	21,600	21,600
Safety Training	0	0	9,289	9,289
Limited English Proficiency	0	0	962	962
Improving Teacher Quality	0	0	49	49
Debt Service Payments	0	1,443,227	0	1,443,227
Capital Improvements	0	0	698,164	698,164
Total Restricted	0	1,443,227	845,627	2,288,854
Projected Budgetary Deficit	446,417	0	0	446,417
Assigned to Other Purposes	236,370	0	0	236,370
Total Assigned	682,787	0	0	682,787
Unassigned	8,524,927_	0	(47,486)	8,477,441
Total Fund Balances	\$9,435,907	\$1,443,227	\$872,848	\$11,751,982

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 4 – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government – wide statement of activities. The following is a detailed listing of those reconciling items that are net adjustments or a combination of several transactions:

Amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period:

Capital Outlay Depreciation Expense	\$796,752 (877,701) (\$80,949)
Governmental revenues not reported in the funds:	
Increase in Delinquent Tax Revenue Decrease in Intergovernmental Grants Receivable Increase in Interest Earnings	\$21,285 (3,954) 3,211 \$20,542
Amount of current year contractually required contribution	ons deferred:
Pension Contributions OPEB Contributions	\$1,360,669 51,063 \$1,411,732
Amount of bond and lease principal payments:	
Bond Principal Payment Capital Lease Payment	\$1,105,000 77,351 \$1,182,351

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash resources of several individual funds are combined to form a pool of cash, cash equivalents and investments. The District has adopted an Investment Policy that follows Ohio Revised Code Chapter 135 and applies the prudent person standard. The prudent person standard requires the Treasurer to exercise the care, skill and experience that a prudent person would use to manage his/her personal financial affairs and to seek investments that will preserve principal while maximizing income.

Statutes require the classification of funds held by the District into three categories. Category 1 consists of "active" funds - those funds required to be kept in a "cash" or "near cash" status for immediate use by the District. Such funds must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury or in depository accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts.

Category 2 consists of "inactive" funds - those funds not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive funds may be deposited or invested only as certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Category 3 consists of "interim" funds - those funds which are not needed for immediate use but, which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim funds may be invested or deposited in the following securities:

- United States treasury notes, bills, bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or interest by the United States:
- Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal
 government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal national
 mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal farm credit bank, federal home
 loan mortgage corporation, government national mortgage association, and student loan
 marketing association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal
 government agencies or instrumentalities;
- Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- Interim deposits in eligible institutions applying for interim funds;
- Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a
 requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other
 obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have
 been met:
- No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in the first two bullets of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

- Time certificates of deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- The State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio);
- Certain bankers' acceptances and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one
 hundred and eighty days and two hundred seventy days, respectively, in an amount not to
 exceed forty percent of the interim moneys available for investment at any one time; and,

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. Protection of District cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. The District has no policy on custodial credit risk and is governed by Ohio Revised Code. Ohio Law requires that deposits be placed in eligible banks or savings and loan associations located in Ohio. Any public depository in which the District places deposits must pledge as collateral eligible securities of aggregate market value equal to the excess of deposits not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose market value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total market value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State.

At year end the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$7,515,796 and the bank balance was \$7,977,867. Federal depository insurance covered \$7,730,909 of the bank balance and \$266,958 was uninsured. Of the remaining uninsured bank balance, the District was exposed to custodial risk as follows:

D -1---

	Balance
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held in	
the Ohio Pooled Collateral System	\$246,958
Total Balance	\$246,958

Following Ohio statues, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2019 amounted to \$258,422. This includes \$42,369 assigned from other District funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments

The District's investments at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

		-	Investment Maturities (in Years)		
	Fair Value	Credit Rating	less than 1	1-3 years	3-5 years
STAR Ohio	\$1,144,183 a	AAAm ²	\$1,144,183	\$0	\$0
FNMA Notes	398,293 t	Aaa 1 , AA+ 2	144,890	253,403	0
Commercial Paper	1,641,275	P-1 1	1,641,275	0	0
Negotiable CD	2,408,808	AAA ³	0	1,374,970	1,033,838
Total Investments	\$5,592,559		\$2,930,348	\$1,628,373	\$1,033,838

¹ Moody's Investor Service

The District's investments in federal agency securities (FNMA), Commercial Paper and negotiable certificates of deposit are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. (Level 2 inputs).

Interest Rate Risk – The Ohio Revised Code generally limits security purchases to those that mature within five years of settlement date. The District has no policy that limits investment purchases beyond the requirements of the Ohio Revised Code.

Investment Credit Risk – The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of State statute for "interim" funds described previously.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in one issuer. Of the District's total investments, 21% are STAR Ohio, 7% are FNMA, 29% are Commercial Paper, and 43% are Negotiable Certificates of Deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no policy on custodial credit risk and is governed by Ohio Revised Code as described under Deposits.

² Standard & Poor's

³ All are fully FDIC insured and therefore have an implied AAA credit rating.

^a Measured on an amortized cost basis.

^b \$154,073 in securities are callable in November 2019, and \$99,330 in securities are callable in January 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 5 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The classification of cash, cash equivalents and investments on the financial statements is based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 9. Certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less are treated as cash equivalents. The classification of cash and cash equivalents (deposits) for purposes of this note are based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 3.

	Cash and Cash	
	Equivalents	Investments
Per Financial Statements	\$8,658,879	\$4,449,476
Certificates of Deposit		
(with maturities of more than 3 months)	1,100	(1,100)
STAR Ohio	(1,144,183)	1,144,183
Per GASB Statement No. 3	\$7,515,796	\$5,592,559

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar 2019 represents collections of calendar year 2018 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2019 were levied after April 1, 2018, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2018, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar year 2019 represents collections of calendar year 2018 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2019 became a lien December 31, 2017, were levied after April 1, 2018 and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Licking County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2019, are available to finance fiscal year 2019 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent. The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2019 receipts were based are:

	Assessed Values f	Assessed Values for Collection in:		
	2018 Second Half	2019 First Half		
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$259,175,790	\$259,850,293		
Public Utility Personal	12,215,810	18,044,810		
Total Assessed Value	\$271,391,600	\$277,895,103		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$62.60	\$62.60		

Tax Abatement

The District incurs a reduction in property taxes through tax abatement agreements entered into by other governments with property owners that reduce the District's taxes.

As of June 30, 2019, another governmental entity provided tax abatements through the Community Reinvestment Area (CRA) program. Under the authority of Ohio Revised Code (ORC) Section 3735.67, the CRA program is an economic development tool administered by municipal and county governments that provides real property tax exemptions for property owners who renovate existing or construct new buildings. CRA's are areas of land in which property owners can receive tax incentives for investing in real property improvements. Under the CRA program, local governments petition to the Ohio Development Services Agency (ODSA) for confirmation of a geographical area in which investment in housing is desired. Once an area is confirmed by the ODSA, local governments may offer real property tax exemptions to taxpayers that invest in that area. Property owners in the CRA can receive temporary tax abatements for renovation of existing structures and new construction in these areas. Property owners apply to the local legislative authority for approval to renovate or construct in the CRA. Upon approval and certification of completion, the amount of the abatement is deducted from the individual or entity's property tax bill.

During fiscal year 2019, the District's property tax revenues were reduced under agreements entered into by another government as follows:

Government Entering]	District		
Into Agreement	Taxes Abated			
City of Heath	\$	443,142		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2019 consisted of accounts, taxes, intergovernmental and interest receivables. All receivables are expected to be collected within the next year.

NOTE 8 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Following is a summary of interfund receivables and payables for all funds at June 30, 2019:

	Interfund Loan	Interfund Loan
	Receivables	Payables
General Fund	\$69,000	\$0
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	0	69,000
Totals	\$69,000	\$69,000

The Interfund Loan is a short-term loan which will be paid back within the year. The primary purpose of the interfund balance is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30, 2019.

This space intentionally left blank.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Summary by category of changes in governmental activities capital assets at June 30, 2019:

Historical Cost:

	Balance at			Balance at
Class	June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$438,952	\$0	\$0	\$438,952
Construction In Progress	0	406,830	0	406,830
Subtotal	438,952	406,830	0	845,782
Capital Assets being depreciated:			_	
Land Improvements	2,161,359	0	0	2,161,359
Buildings and Improvements	22,220,267	226,886	0	22,447,153
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	1,503,052	85,005	0	1,588,057
Vehicles	1,084,996	78,031	0	1,163,027
Subtotal	26,969,674	389,922	0	27,359,596
Total Cost	\$27,408,626	\$796,752	\$0	\$28,205,378
Accumulated Depreciation:				
	Balance at			Balance at
Class	June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019
Land Improvements	(\$1,756,411)	(\$82,982)	\$0	(\$1,839,393)
Buildings and Improvements	(12,496,428)	(657,919)	0	(13,154,347)
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	(1,155,389)	(77,366)	0	(1,232,755)
Vehicles	(830,681)	(59,434)	0	(890,115)
Total Depreciation	(\$16,238,909)	(\$877,701) *	\$0	(\$17,116,610)
Net Value:	\$11,169,717			\$11,088,768

^{*} Depreciation expenses were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$452,798
Support Services:	
Pupils	20,460
Instructional Staff	20,917
Administration	43,118
Fiscal Services	2,117
Operations and Maintenance of Plant	55,381
Pupil Transportation	76,452
Central	1,709
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service	33,887
Extracurricular Activities	170,862
Total Depreciation Expense	\$877,701

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10- DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

All of the District's full-time employees participate in one of two separate retirement systems which are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans.

A. Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term net pension liability on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description –District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit Age 65 with 5 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

Effective January 1, 2018, cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to one based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%. The Board has enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018. HB 49 also provided the SERS Retirement Board with the authority to award or suspend the COLA, or to adjust the COLA above or below CPI-W; however, any adjustment above or below CPI-W could only be enacted if the system's actuary determines it would not materially impair the fiscal integrity of the system, or is necessary to preserve the fiscal integrity of the system.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.5 percent. The remaining 0.5% was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$300,653 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$9,039 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description –District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Effective July 1, 2017, cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) was reduced to 0%. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.53 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.47 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 or later.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the employer rate was 14% and the member rate was 14% of covered payroll. The fiscal year 2019 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,060,016 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount \$193,192 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

C. <u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

C. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u> (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

_	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,865,214	\$13,867,866	\$17,733,080
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability -2019	0.0674889%	0.06307086%	
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability -2018	0.0627987%	0.06196745%	
Percentage Change	0.0046902%	0.00110341%	
Pension Expense	\$545,101	\$1,461,167	\$2,006,268

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$211,982	\$320,113	\$532,095
Change of assumptions	87,286	2,457,648	2,544,934
District contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date	300,653	1,060,016	1,360,669
Changes in proportionate share	198,397	400,578	598,975
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$798,318	\$4,238,355	\$5,036,673
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$90,565	\$90,565
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	107,094	840,932	948,026
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$107,094	\$931,497	\$1,038,591

\$1,360,669 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	
2020 \$428,566 \$1,335,069 \$	\$1,763,635
2021 121,695 906,389	1,028,084
2022 (126,844) 144,208	17,364
2023 (32,846) (138,824)	(171,670)
Total \$390,571 \$2,246,842 \$	\$2,637,413

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2018, are presented below:

Wage Inflation 3.00 percent

Future Salary Increases, including inflation 3.50 percent to 18.20 percent

COLA or Ad Hoc COLA 2.5 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.50 percent net of investment expense, including inflation

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

For 2018, the mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Mortality among service retired members, and beneficiaries were based upon the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates, and 110 percent of female rates. Mortality among disable members were based upon the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. <u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> (Continued)

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.50 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.50 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$5,444,446	\$3,865,214	\$2,541,134

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, compared with July 1, 2017 are presented below:

	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2017
Inflation	2.50 percent	2.50 percent
Projected salary increases	12.50 percent at age 20 to	12.50 percent at age 20 to
	2.50 percent at age 65	2.50 percent at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45 percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount Rate	7.45 percent	7.45 percent
Payroll Increases	3 percent	3 percent
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017	0.0 percent, effective July 1, 2017

For the July 1, 2017 and July 1, 2018, actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 and July 1, 2018, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 10 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation**	Long Term Expected Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consult indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2017. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2018. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2018.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.45 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.45 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.45%)	(7.45%)	(8.45%)
District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$20,252,193	\$13,867,866	\$8,464,400

^{**} The target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2017. Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

A. Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

The net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represents a liability (asset) for OPEB. OPEB is a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for OPEB is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net OPEB liability (asset) represents the District's proportionate share of each OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including OPEB.

GASB 75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because they benefit from employee services. OPEB contributions come from these employers and health care plan enrollees which pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. The Ohio revised Code permits, but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. Any change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded or surplus benefits is presented as a long-term net OPEB liability or net OPEB asset on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in intergovernmental payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

B. Plan Description

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2019, 0.5 percent of covered payroll was contributed to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2019, this amount was \$21,600. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2019, the District's surcharge obligation was \$39,928.

The surcharge, added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$51,063 for fiscal year 2019. Of this amount, \$40,263 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

B. Plan Description (Continued)

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued effective January 1, 2020. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

C. OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$1,887,777	(\$1,013,484)	\$874,293
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) -2019	0.0680459%	0.06307086%	
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability -2018	0.0631065%	0.06196745%	
Percentage Change	0.0049394%	0.00110341%	
OPEB Expense	\$93,333	(\$2,191,669)	(\$2,098,336)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

C. OPEB Liability (Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

SERS	STRS	Total
\$30,815	\$118,377	\$149,192
122,792	39,321	162,113
51,063	0	51,063
\$204,670	\$157,698	\$362,368
\$0	\$59,049	\$59,049
169,604	1,380,952	1,550,556
2,831	115,782	118,613
\$172,435	\$1,555,783	\$1,728,218
	\$30,815 122,792 51,063 \$204,670 \$0 169,604 2,831	\$30,815 \$118,377 122,792 39,321 51,063 0 \$204,670 \$157,698 \$0 \$59,049 169,604 1,380,952 2,831 115,782

\$51,063 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2020	(\$46,328)	(\$250,797)	(\$297,125)
2021	(31,258)	(250,797)	(282,055)
2022	16,462	(250,797)	(234,335)
2023	17,666	(224,503)	(206,837)
2024	17,470	(215,272)	(197,802)
Thereafter	7,160	(205,919)	(198,759)
Total	(\$18,828)	(\$1,398,085)	(\$1,416,913)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions

School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2018 are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.00 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.50 percent to 18.20 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.50 percent net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.62 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.56 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	3.70 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.63 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare - Measurement Date	5.375 to 4.75 percent
Pre-Medicare - Measurement Date	7.25 to 4.75 percent
Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	5.50 to 5.00 percent
Pre-Medicare - Prior Measurement Date	7.50 to 5.00 percent

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and Scale BB, 120 percent of male rates and 110 percent of female rates. RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent for male rates and 100 percent for female rates set back five years.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five year period ended June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2010 through 2015, and was adopted by the Board on April 21, 2016. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.50 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as used in the June 30, 2015 five-year experience study, are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 %	0.50 %
US Stocks	22.50	4.75
Non-US Stocks	22.50	7.00
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	8.00
Real Assets	15.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	10.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2018 was 3.70%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 was 3.63%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 2.00% of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and 0.50% of contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make future benefit payments during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets was used to present value the projected benefit payments through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025 and the Fidelity General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index rate of 3.62%, as of June 30, 2018 (i.e. municipal bond rate), was used to present value the projected benefit payments for the remaining years in the projection. The total present value of projected benefit payments from all years was then used to determine the single rate of return that was used as the discount rate. The projection of future benefit payments for all current plan members was until the benefit payments ran out.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70%) and higher (4.70%) than the current discount rate (3.70%). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.25% decreasing to 3.75%) and higher (8.25% decreasing to 5.75%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(2.70%)	(3.70%)	(4.70%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$2,290,669	\$1,887,777	\$1,568,762
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
	(6.25% Decreasing	(7.25% Decreasing	(8.25% Decreasing
	to 3.75%)	to 4.75%)	to 5.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB liability	\$1,523,090	\$1,887,777	\$2,370,688

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

The total OPEB liability (asset) in the June 30, 2018 and 2017 actuarial valuations was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	12.50% at age 20 to	12.50% at age 20 to
	2.50% at age 65	2.50% at age 65
Investment Rate of Return	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.45%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Payroll Increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-Living Adjustments (COLA)	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017	0.0%, effective July 1, 2017
Blended Discount Rate of Return	7.45%	4.13%
Health Care Cost Trends-Medical	5.00% to 6% initial, 4.0% ultimate	6% to 11% initial, 4.5% ultimate
Health Care Cost Trends -		
Prescription Drug	(5.23)% to 8% initial, 4.0% ultimate	

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2016.

Since the prior measurement date, the discount rate was increased from 4.13 percent to 7.45 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB *Statement No. 74*, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB)*. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.

Also since the prior measurement date, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. Non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued January 1, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation**	Rate of Return *
Domestic Equity	28.00 %	7.35 %
International Equity	23.00	7.55
Alternatives	17.00	7.09
Fixed Income	21.00	3.00
Real Estate	10.00	6.00
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	2.25
Total	100.00 %	

^{* 10} year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and does not include investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS' investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actual rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) was 7.45 percent as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan assets of 7.45% was used to measure the total OPEB liability (asset) as of June 30, 2018.

^{**} The target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2017. Target weights will be phased in over a 24-month period concluding on July 1, 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS (Continued)

D. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rates – The net OPEB liability (asset) is sensitive to changes in the discount and health care cost trend rates. To illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.45 percent, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.45 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.45 percent) than the current rate. Also shown is the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using a health care cost trend rate this is one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher.

	1% Decrease (6.45%)	Current Discount Rate (7.45%)	1% Increase (8.45%)
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$868,651)	(\$1,013,484)	(\$1,135,210)
	1% Decrease in Trend Rate	Current Trend Rate	1% Increase in Trend Rate
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	(\$1,128,338)	(\$1,013,484)	(\$896,841)

This space intentionally left blank.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The original amounts of the General Obligation Bonds Payable used to finance the cost of various building renovations and the cost of building a new high school and other building additions were \$993,350 and \$16,247,718. The original amount of the 2005 refunding, \$9,999,987, was used to refund the \$16,247,718 bond. The 2015 refunding of \$7,340,000 was used to partially refund the 2005 refunding.

Detail of the changes in the bonds, capital leases payable and compensated absences of the District for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

		Balance			Balance	Due Within
		June 30, 2018	Issued	Retired	June 30, 2019	One Year
Governmental Activities:		-				
General Obligation Bonds Payable:						
School Improvement Bonds	6.38%	\$910,000	\$0	(\$5,000)	\$905,000	\$5,000
School Improvement Bonds-Refunding-2005	2.75-4.2%	719,987	0	(264,940)	455,047	238,795
School Improvement Bonds-Refunding-2015	2-4%	6,570,000	0	(60,000)	6,510,000	60,000
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds Payable		8,199,987	0	(329,940)	7,870,047	303,795
Premium on Refunding Bonds		403,364	0	(44,818)	358,546	0
Interest Accretion		1,963,136	238,376	(775,060)	1,426,452	801,205
Total General Obligation Bonds Payable		10,566,487	238,376	(1,149,818)	9,655,045	1,105,000
Capital Leases		191,201	0	(77,351)	113,850	55,378
Compensated Absences		1,130,590	237,274	(109,113)	1,258,751	108,614
Total Governmental Activities		\$11,888,278	\$475,650	(\$1,336,282)	\$11,027,646	\$1,268,992

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 12 - LONG-TERM DEBT AND OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Principal and Interest Requirements

A summary of the District's future long-term debt funding requirements, including principal and interest payments as of June 30, 2019, follows:

	General O	bligation		
	Bonds F	Payable	Capital 1	Leases
Years	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2020	\$303,795	\$1,067,964	\$55,378	\$4,832
2021	281,252	1,093,989	58,472	1,739
2022	1,000,000	249,059	0	0
2023	1,135,000	209,453	0	0
2024	1,180,000	162,563	0	0
2025-2028	3,970,000	234,047	0	0
Totals	\$7,870,047	\$3,017,075	\$113,850	\$6,571

NOTE 13 - CAPITALIZED LEASES

The District leases several copiers under capital leases. The cost of the equipment obtained under capital leases is \$260,671, which is included in the Governmental Activities Capital Assets and the related liability is included in the Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019:

Capital Leases
\$60,210
60,211
120,421
(6,571)
\$113,850

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to employees. During fiscal year 2019 the District contracted with Wright Specialty Insurance for various insurance coverages, as follows:

Coverage	Deductible	Aggregate
-	\$500/Comprehensive	_
Fleet Insurance	\$500/Collision	\$1,000,000
Buildings and Contents	\$1,000	\$49,407,545
School District Liability	\$0	\$2,000,000
Employee Benefits Liability	\$1,000	\$1,000,000
School Leaders Errors and		
Omissions	\$2,500	\$1,000,000
Excess Policy	\$0	\$3,000,000
Crime	\$500	\$500,000
Inland Marine	\$0	\$100,000
Computers	\$500	\$100,000
Cyber	\$5,000	\$1,000,000
Excess Cyber	\$0	\$1,000,000

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverages from the prior year. In addition, settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverages in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District increased its aggregate excess liability policy to \$3 million and added cyber risk coverage during FY 2019. Heath CSD became a member of a cyber risk insurance pool insured by Catlin XL with the pool's liability limited to \$10 million. This pool is further insured by Indian Harbor Insurance Company and reinsured by a Lloyd's reinsurance syndicate for excess cyber coverage with a pool aggregate limit set at \$50 million for the policy period. Coverage limits reflected in the table above are limits per pool member. The excess cyber insurance pool policy is non-licensed in the State of Ohio and is not covered by the Ohio Insurance Guaranty Association in the case of insolvency.

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the GRP), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State, based on the rate for the GRP rather that its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Hunter Consulting Company provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP. The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

President-elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

For fiscal year 2019, the District provided health, dental, life and vision benefits through commercial coverage. Previous to July 1, 2018, the District provided group health and dental care to employees and their eligible dependents through a self-insured program. Premiums were paid into an internal service fund by all funds having compensated employees based on an analysis of historical claims experience, the desired fund balances and the number of active participating employees. The monies paid into the self-insurance fund are available to pay claims. The plan was administered by a third party administrator, Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield, which monitored all claim payments. Excess loss coverage became effective after \$95,000 per year per specific claim. In addition, the plan maintained aggregate stop loss limits of \$1,000,000 for all claims. Amounts paid up to the \$95,000 specific claim stop loss were included on the aggregate stop loss, but amounts over the \$95,000 limit were not; since the plan is reimbursed by the specific stop loss policy.

On July 1, 2018, the District terminated the self-insured insurance program and began a "run out" period for claims incurred before July 1, 2018 but not yet paid. The District joined the Ohio School Benefits Cooperative (Consortium) which administers a "fully-funded" health plan for its member school districts allowing a "pooling" of covered individuals and their claims but at substantially the same level of benefits as in prior years. Muskingum Valley ESC acts as the consortium's fiscal agent and maintains the Consortium Fund. The Consortium contracts with a third party plan administrator that handles the plan's claims and other administrative services (currently Medical Mutual of Ohio). The District maintained its relationship with Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield to provide vision and dental care insurance commercial coverage. The outstanding claims at June 30, 2019, for the health care self-insurance program amounted to \$0.

The claims liability reported in the fund at June 30, 2019 is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 30, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount in 2019 were:

		Current Year		
	Beginning of	Claims and		Balance at
	Fiscal Year	Changes in	Claims	Fiscal
Fiscal Year	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Year End
2018	\$355,500	\$1,746,736	(\$1,870,420)	\$231,816
2019	\$231,816	\$0	(\$231,816)	\$0

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 15 – STATUTORY RESERVES

The District is required by state law to set aside certain general fund revenue amounts for capital acquisition into a reserve. Reserves are calculated and presented on a cash basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the reserve activity (cash-basis) was as follows:

	Capital
	Acquisition
	Reserve
Set-aside Cash Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$0
Current Year Additions	309,027
Qualifying Offset	(216,851)
Current Year Disbursements	(797,116)
Totals	(\$704,940)
Balance Carried Forward to FY2020	\$0

The District had qualifying disbursements that reduced the set-aside amounts below zero for the Capital Acquisition Reserve; however, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years.

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Licking Area Computer Association

Licking Area Computer Association - The District is a participant in the Licking Area Computer Association (LACA) which is a computer consortium. LACA is an association of public school districts within the boundaries of Licking and Muskingum Counties. The organization was formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among member school districts. The governing board of LACA consists of thirteen members made up of the thirteen district superintendents. The District paid LACA \$149,357 for services provided during the year. Financial information can be obtained from their fiscal agent, the Licking County Career and Technical Education Center, Ben Streby, who serves as Treasurer, at 150 Price Road, Newark, Ohio 43055.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 16 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS (Continued)

B. State Support Team Region 11

The District participates in the State Support Team (SST11) Region 11, a jointly governed organization consisting of educational entities within Delaware, Fairfield, Franklin, Licking, Madison, Pickaway, and Union counties. The purpose of the SST11 is to provide support services to school districts, community schools, and chartered nonpublic schools within the region by supporting State and school initiatives and efforts to improve school effectiveness and student achievement with a specific reference to the provision of special education and related services. The SST11 is governed by an advisory council, which is the policymaking body for the educational entities within the region, who identifies regional needs and priorities for educational services and develops corresponding policies to coordinate the delivery of services. They are also charged with the responsibility of monitoring the implementation of State and regional initiatives and school improvement efforts. The Advisory Council is made up of the director of the SST11, the superintendent of each educational service center within the region, the superintendent of the region's largest and smallest school district, the director and an employee from each education technology center, one representative of a four-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Board of Regents, one representative of a two-year institution of higher education and appointed by the Ohio Association of Community Colleges, three board of education members (one each from a city, exempted village, and local school district within the region), and one business representative. The degree of control exercised by any participating educational entity is limited to its representation on the Advisory Council. Financial information can be obtained from the Educational Service Center of Central Ohio, Citygate Business Park, 2080 Citygate Drive, Columbus, OH, 43219.

NOTE 17 – CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives financial assistance from federal agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The District is not a party to any legal proceedings which seek damages or injunctive relief generally incidental to its operations and pending projects as of June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NOTE 18 – OTHER COMMITMENTS

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following commitments with respect to capital improvements:

Capital Projects	Remaining Construction Commitment
Middle School Roof	\$68,958
Energy Efficient Lighting Project	103,899
Track Resurfacing	182,250
Elementary School Air Conditioning	153,252

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. Encumbrances outstanding at fiscal year-end were as follows:

Governmental Funds:	
General Fund	\$23,304
Other Governmental Funds	9,753
Total Governmental Funds	\$33,057

NOTE 19 - COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Fund Deficits - The fund deficits at June 30, 2019 of \$13,829 in the Title VI-B Fund and \$21,944 in the Title I Fund (special revenue funds) arose from the recognition of expenditures on the modified accrual basis which are greater than expenditures recognized on the budgetary basis. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.



Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last Six Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System			
	2014	2015	2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.05974744%	0.05974744%	0.06042891%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$17,311,192	\$14,532,645	\$16,700,783
District's covered payroll	\$6,661,546	\$6,196,446	\$6,143,793
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	259.87%	234.53%	271.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69.30%	74.70%	72.10%
Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teacher	rs Retirement System		
School Employees Retirement System			
	2014	2015	2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.052246%	0.052246%	0.06019250%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$3,106,902	\$2,644,140	\$3,434,642
District's covered payroll	\$1,929,429	\$1,526,782	\$1,760,425
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	161.03%	173.18%	195.10%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	65.52%	71.70%	69.16%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2014 is not available. Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2017	2018	2019
0.06160468%	0.06196745%	0.06307086%
\$20,620,943	\$14,720,501	\$13,867,866
\$6,625,093	\$6,743,314	\$7,242,279
311.26%	218.30%	191.48%
66.80%	75.30%	77.30%
2017	2018	2019
0.06282560%	0.06279870%	0.06748890%
\$4,598,254	\$3,752,084	\$3,865,214
\$1,951,129	\$2,087,236	\$2,127,704
235.67%	179.76%	181.66%
62.98%	69.50%	71.36%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Pension Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System						
Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012			
Contractually required contribution	\$891,874	\$926,673	\$928,456			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	891,874	926,673	928,456			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0			
District's covered payroll	\$6,860,569	\$7,128,254	\$7,141,969			
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%			
Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System						
School Employees Retirement System						
Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012			
Contractually required contribution	\$206,513	\$222,510	\$248,002			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	206,513	222,510	248,002			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0			
District's covered payroll	\$1,525,207	\$1,770,167	\$1,843,881			
Contributions as a percentage of	13.54%	12.57%	13.45%			

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 68 in 2015.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

covered payroll

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$866,001	\$805,538	\$860,131	\$927,513	\$944,064	\$1,013,919	\$1,060,016
866,001	805,538	860,131	927,513	944,064	1,013,919	1,060,016
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$6,661,546	\$6,196,446	\$6,143,793	\$6,625,093	\$6,743,314	\$7,242,279	\$7,571,543
13.00%	13.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$267,033	\$211,612	\$232,024	\$273,158	\$292,213	\$287,240	\$300,653
267,033	211,612	232,024	273,158	292,213	287,240	300,653
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,929,429	\$1,526,782	\$1,760,425	\$1,951,129	\$2,087,236	\$2,127,704	\$2,227,059
13.84%	13.86%	13.18%	14.00%	14.00%	13.50%	13.50%



Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability (Asset) Last Three Fiscal Years

State Teachers Retirement System					
Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019		
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	0.06160468%	0.06196745%	0.06307086%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$3,294,634	\$2,417,741	(\$1,013,484)		
District's covered payroll	\$6,625,093	\$6,743,314	\$7,242,279		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	49.73%	35.85%	(13.99%)		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	37.30%	47.10%	176.00%		
Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System					
School Employees Retirement System					
Fiscal Year	2017	2018	2019		
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.06302890%	0.06310650%	0.06804590%		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$1,796,557	\$1,693,613	\$1,887,777		
District's covered payroll	\$1,951,129	\$2,087,236	\$2,127,704		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	92.08%	81.14%	88.72%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	11.49%	12.46%	13.57%		

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

The schedule is intended to show ten years of information. Additional years will be displayed as they become available. Information prior to 2017 is not available. The schedule is reported as of the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset), which is the prior year end.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

State	Teachers	Retirement System	
State	reachers	Kemement System	

	2010	2011	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$68,606	\$71,283	\$71,420
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	68,606	71,283	71,420
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$6,860,569	\$7,128,254	\$7,141,969
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.00%	1.00%	1.00%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and State Teachers Retirement System

School Employees Retirement System

	2010	2011	2012
Contractually required contribution	\$37,171	\$47,326	\$32,543
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	37,171	47,326	32,543
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0
District's covered payroll	\$1,525,207	\$1,770,167	\$1,843,881
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.44%	2.67%	1.76%

Source: District Treasurer's Office and School Employees Retirement System

Notes: The District implemented GASB Statement 75 in 2018.

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$66,6	15 \$61,964	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
66,61	5 61,964	0	0	0	0	0
\$	\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$6,661,54	\$6,196,446	\$6,143,793	\$6,625,093	\$6,743,314	\$7,242,279	\$7,571,543
1.00	0% 1.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$28,7	73 \$27,849	\$45,014	\$29,156	\$31,528	\$45,529	\$51,063
28,77	27,849	45,014	29,156	31,528	45,529	51,063
\$	\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,929,42	\$1,526,782	\$1,760,425	\$1,951,129	\$2,087,236	\$2,127,704	\$2,227,059
1.49	9% 1.82%	2.56%	1.49%	1.51%	2.14%	2.29%

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NET PENSION LIABILITY

SERS

Changes in benefit terms

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes in benefit terms that affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date:

• The SERS Board has enacted a three-year COLA delay for future benefit recipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018.

Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

STRS

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

NET OPEB LIABILITY (ASSET)

SERS

Changes in benefit terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes in assumptions

For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was increased from 3.63% to 3.70%
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and for Pre-Medicare from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%
- The municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.

STRS

Changes in benefit terms

For fiscal year 2019, STRS has the following changes in benefit terms since the previous measurement date:

- The subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019.
- The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019.

Changes in assumptions

For fiscal year 2019, the following were the most significant changes of assumptions that affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date:

- The discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45%.
- Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated.
- The trend rates decreased from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.



Combining and Individual F_{UND} Statements and Schedules

 $m{T}_{HE}$ following combining statements and schedules include the Major and Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than amounts relating to private purpose trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Food Service Fund

To record financial transactions associated with food service operations.

Uniform School Supply Fund

To account for the purchase and sale of school supplies. Profits derived from sales must be used for school purposes or activities. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Rotary Fund

To account for operations that provide goods and services provided by the District. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Public School Support Fund

To account for specific local revenue sources, other than taxes that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes, curricular and extracurricular, approved by board resolutions. (The Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances are not presented because this fund is reported as part of the General Fund on a GAAP basis.)

Other Grants Fund

To account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

District Managed Student Activity Fund

To account for student activity programs which have student participation in the activity, but do not have student management of the programs. Typically this includes athletic programs, band, cheerleaders and other similar types of activities.

Management Information System Fund

To account for costs related to hardware and software development or other costs associated with the requirements of the management information system.

SchoolNet Professional Development Fund

To account for professional development subsidy grants.

(Continued)

Special Revenue Funds

Other State Grants Fund

To account for monies from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

Title VI-B Fund

To account for monies received through grants to assist in the identification of children with disabilities, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to children with disabilities at the preschool, elementary and secondary levels.

Title III Limited English Proficiency Fund

To account for federal monies for elementary and secondary school programs, including activities at the pre-school level, to meet the educational needs of children of limited English proficiency.

Title I Fund

To account for federal revenues received to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped Fund

To account for federal grant funds to be used for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three (3) through five (5) years. (The Balance Sheet is not presented because there are no assets or liabilities at fiscal year-end.)

Improving Teacher Quality Fund

To account for federal monies received which are used to hire additional classroom teachers in grades 1 through 3, so that the number of students per teacher will be reduced.

Other Federal Grants Fund

To account for monies from Federal agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.

Permanent Improvement Fund

To account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition of major capital assets.

Building Fund

To account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of capital facilities as authorized by Chapter 5705 of the Ohio Revised Code.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

Assets:		Ionmajor ial Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	A	207.224	Φ.	500 5 0 5		000 700
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	205,224	\$	688,285	\$	893,509
Receivables:				200 544		200 744
Taxes		0		208,541		208,541
Accounts		17,078		0		17,078
Intergovernmental		128,325		0		128,325
Inventory		13,255		0		13,255
Prepaid Items		25,145		36,307		61,452
Total Assets	\$	389,027	\$	933,133	\$	1,322,160
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,563	\$	711	\$	2,274
Accrued Wages and Benefits		125,480		0		125,480
Intergovernmental Payable		18,858		0		18,858
Interfund Loans Payable		69,000		0		69,000
Total Liabilities		214,901		711		215,612
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Property Taxes		0		194,810		194,810
Unavailable Revenue		35,749		3,141		38,890
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		35,749		197,951		233,700
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		38,400		36,307		74,707
Restricted		147,463		698,164		845,627
Unassigned		(47,486)		0		(47,486)
Total Fund Balances		138,377		734,471		872,848
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	•	, .				, , ,
and Fund Balances	\$	389,027	\$	933,133	\$	1,322,160

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$ 0	\$ 182,702	\$ 182,702	
Food Services	437,187	0	437,187	
Investment Earnings	1,603	41,618	43,221	
Extracurricular Activities	147,118	0	147,118	
Intergovernmental - State	16,489	17,149	33,638	
Intergovernmental - Federal	1,175,567	0	1,175,567	
All Other Revenue	87,569	0	87,569	
Total Revenue	1,865,533	241,469	2,107,002	
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	509,224	176,330	685,554	
Supporting Services:				
Pupils	110,236	0	110,236	
Instructional Staff	54,720	0	54,720	
Administration	56,233	0	56,233	
Fiscal Services	0	3,000	3,000	
Pupil Transportation	4,755	0	4,755	
Central	0	4,304	4,304	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations	867,045	0	867,045	
Extracurricular Activities	208,257	0	208,257	
Total Expenditures	1,810,470	183,634	1,994,104	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	55,063	57,835	112,898	
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	77,342	676,636	753,978	
Increase in Inventory	5,972	0	5,972	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$ 138,377	\$ 734,471	\$ 872,848	

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

	Foo	od Service	Other Grants		District Managed Student Activity	
Assets:						_
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	104,978	\$	1,358	\$	43,388
Receivables:						
Accounts		17,078		0		0
Intergovernmental		0		0		0
Inventory		13,255		0		0
Prepaid Items		13,432		0		0
Total Assets	\$	148,743	\$	1,358	\$	43,388
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	1,018	\$	0	\$	545
Accrued Wages and Benefits		48,116		0		0
Intergovernmental Payable		7,161		0		0
Interfund Loans Payable		0		0		0
Total Liabilities		56,295		0		545
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Revenue		0		0		0
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		0		0
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		26,687		0		0
Restricted		65,761		1,358		42,843
Unassigned		0		0		0
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		92,448		1,358	- 	42,843
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Fund Balances	\$	148,743	\$	1,358	\$	43,388

Title I		II Limited nglish ficiency	E	Title VI-B				er State Grants	SchoolNet Professional Development		Management Information System	
6,833	\$	962	\$	5,728	\$	9,289	\$ 21,600	\$	5,601	\$		
0		0		0		0	0		0			
69,782		0		55,181		0	0		0			
0		0		0		0	0		0			
4,850	-	0		6,863		0	 0		0			
81,465	\$	962	\$	67,772	\$	9,289	\$ 21,600	\$	5,601	\$		
0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	0	\$		
40,056		0		37,308		0	0		0			
5,135		0		6,562		0	0		0			
39,000		0		24,000		0	0		0			
84,191		0		67,870		0	0		0			
19,218		0		13,731		0	0		0			
19,218		0		13,731		0	0		0			
4,850		0		6,863		0	0		0			
0		962		0		9,289	21,600		5,601			
(26,794)		0		(20,692)		0	 0		0			
(21,944)		962		(13,829)		9,289	 21,600		5,601			
81,465	\$	962	\$	67,772	\$	9,289	\$ 21,600	\$	5,601	\$		

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2019

		proving er Quality	Other Federal Grants		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,887	\$	3,600	\$	205,224
Receivables:						
Accounts		0		0		17,078
Intergovernmental		162		3,200		128,325
Inventory		0		0		13,255
Prepaid Items		0		0		25,145
Total Assets	\$	2,049	\$	6,800	\$	389,027
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,563
Accrued Wages and Benefits		0		0		125,480
Intergovernmental Payable		0		0		18,858
Interfund Loans Payable		2,000		4,000		69,000
Total Liabilities		2,000		4,000		214,901
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Revenue		0		2,800		35,749
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		0		2,800		35,749
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		0		0		38,400
Restricted		49		0		147,463
Unassigned		0		0		(47,486)
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)		49		0		138,377
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,	Φ.	2.040	Ф	6,000	Φ.	200.027
and Fund Balances	\$	2,049	\$	6,800	\$	389,027

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

					District
	Foo	od Service	Other	Grants	lanaged ent Activity
Revenues:	-		-		
Local Sources:					
Food Services	\$	437,187	\$	0	\$ 0
Investment Earnings		1,010		0	593
Extracurricular Activities		0		0	147,118
Class Materials and Fees		0		0	0
Intergovernmental - State		0		0	0
Intergovernmental - Federal		449,935		0	0
All Other Revenue		34,808		0	 52,761
Total Revenue		922,940		0	200,472
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction		0		0	0
Supporting Services:					
Pupils		0		0	0
Instructional Staff		0		0	0
Administration		0		0	0
Pupil Transportation		0		0	0
Central		0		0	0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Service Operations		867,045		0	0
Extracurricular Activities		0		0	 208,257
Total Expenditures		867,045		0	 208,257
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		55,895		0	(7,785)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		30,581		1,358	50,628
Increase in Inventory		5,972		0	0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	92,448	\$	1,358	\$ 42,843

(Continued)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Infor	gement mation stem	SchoolNet Professional Development		Other State Grants		Title VI-B	
Revenues:								
Local Sources:								
Food Services	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Investment Earnings		0		0		0		0
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		0		0
Class Materials and Fees		0		0		0		0
Intergovernmental - State		0		7,200	9	,289		0
Intergovernmental - Federal		0		0		0		366,817
All Other Revenue		0		0		0		0
Total Revenue		0		7,200	9	,289_		366,817
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		0		0		0		238,326
Supporting Services:								
Pupils		0		0		0		95,261
Instructional Staff		0		0		0		278
Administration		0		0		0		41,082
Pupil Transportation		0		0		0		0
Central		0		0		0		0
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:								
Food Service Operations		0		0		0		0
Extracurricular Activities		0		0		0		0
Total Expenditures		0		0		0		374,947
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		0		7,200	9	,289		(8,130)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		5,601		14,400		0		(5,699)
Increase in Inventory		0		0		0		0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	5,601	\$	21,600	\$ 9	,289	\$	(13,829)

Title III Limite English Proficiency	ed	Title I		IDEA Preschool Grant for the Handicapped		Improving Teacher Quality		Other Federal Grants			al Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	437,187
	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	•	0	_	1,603
	0		0		0		0		0		147,118
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		16,489
96			288,390		4,755		60,933		3,775		1,175,567
	0		0		0		0		0		87,569
96	52		288,390	•	4,755		60,933		3,775		1,865,533
	0		267,288		0		3,610		0		509,224
	0		11,200		0		0		3,775		110,236
	0		0		0		54,442		0		54,720
	0		15,151		0		0		0		56,233
	0		0		4,755		0		0		4,755
	0		0		0		0		0		0
	0		0		0		0		0		867,045
	0		0		0		0		0		208,257
	0		293,639		4,755		58,052		3,775		1,810,470
96	52		(5,249)		0		2,881		0		55,063
	0		(16,695)		0		(2,832)		0		77,342
	0		0		0		0		0		5,972
\$ 96		\$	(21,944)	\$	0	\$	49	\$	0	\$	138,377

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds June 30, 2019

	ermanent provement	B	uilding	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Assets:					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 668,809	\$	19,476	\$	688,285
Receivables:					
Taxes	208,541		0		208,541
Prepaid Items	 36,307		0		36,307
Total Assets	\$ 913,657	\$	19,476	\$	933,133
Liabilities:				'	_
Accounts Payable	\$ 711	\$	0	\$	711
Total Liabilities	711		0		711
Deferred Inflows of Resources:					
Property Taxes	194,810		0		194,810
Unavailable Revenue	3,141		0		3,141
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	197,951		0		197,951
Fund Balances:					
Nonspendable	36,307		0		36,307
Restricted	678,688		19,476		698,164
Total Fund Balances	714,995		19,476		734,471
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,					
and Fund Balances	\$ 913,657	\$	19,476	\$	933,133

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Permanent Improvement Building					Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
Revenues:								
Local Sources:								
Taxes	\$	182,702	\$	0	\$	182,702		
Investment Earnings		32,625		8,993		41,618		
Intergovernmental - State		17,149		0		17,149		
Total Revenue		232,476		8,993		241,469		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction		176,330		0		176,330		
Supporting Services:								
Fiscal Services		3,000		0		3,000		
Central		4,304		0		4,304		
Total Expenditures		183,634		0		183,634		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		48,842		8,993		57,835		
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year		666,153		10,483		676,636		
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	714,995	\$	19,476	\$	734,471		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Major Debt Service Fund – Bond Retirement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Variance with Final Budget
	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	Timi Budget		(1 (egail/e)
Taxes	\$ 1,329,499	\$ 1,329,767	\$ 268
Intergovernmental - State	234,650	233,735	(915)
Total Revenues	1,564,149	1,563,502	(647)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Support Services:			
Fiscal Services	25,000	20,116	4,884
Total Support Services	25,000	20,116	4,884
Debt Service:			
Principal Retirement	1,105,000	1,105,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	273,279	268,278	5,001
Total Debt Service	1,378,279	1,373,278	5,001
Total Expenditures	1,403,279	1,393,394	9,885
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	160,870	170,108	9,238
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,201,809	1,201,809	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,362,679	\$ 1,371,917	\$ 9,238

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

FOOD SERVICE FUND

					iance with al Budget
]	Positive
	Fin	al Budget	Actual		Vegative)
Revenues:			 	· ·	
Food Services	\$	498,000	\$ 420,109	\$	(77,891)
Investment Earnings		600	1,010		410
Intergovernmental - Federal		388,600	388,590		(10)
All Other Revenues		35,000	34,808		(192)
Total Revenues		922,200	844,517		(77,683)
Expenditures:					
Non-Instructional Services:					
Food Service Operations		837,809	 818,345		19,464
Total Expenditures		837,809	 818,345		19,464
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		84,391	26,172		(58,219)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		77,731	77,731		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		425	425		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	162,547	\$ 104,328	\$	(58,219)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

UNIFORM SCHOOL SUPPLY FUND

	Fina	al Budget		Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Revenues:	-		-			
Class Material and Fees	\$	58,653	\$	61,758	\$	3,105
Total Revenues		58,653		61,758		3,105
Expenditures:						
Instructional Services		103,106		97,392		5,714
Total Expenditures		103,106		97,392		5,714
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(44,453)		(35,634)		8,819
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers In		72,994		20,200		(52,794)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):		72,994		20,200		(52,794)
Net Change in Fund Balance		28,541		(15,434)		(43,975)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		68,983		68,983		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	97,524	\$	53,549	\$	(43,975)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

ROTARY FUND

Revenues:	_ Fina	al Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Investment Earnings	\$	50	\$	94	\$	44
All Other Revenues	Ψ	7,050	Ψ	4,162	Ψ	(2,888)
Total Revenues		7,100		4,256		(2,844)
Expenditures:						
Instructional Services		4,750		4,454		296
Total Expenditures		4,750		4,454		296
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		2,350		(198)		(2,548)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		10,558		10,558		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	12,908	\$	10,360	\$	(2,548)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT FUND

	Final	Budget	 Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)
Revenues:					
All Other Revenues	\$	170,152	\$ 178,614	\$	8,462
Total Revenues		170,152	178,614		8,462
Expenditures:					
Instructional Services		18,108	10,668		7,440
Support Services:					
Pupils		31,732	30,029		1,703
Instructional Staff		29,700	26,299		3,401
Administration		14,550	13,806		744
Central		9,700	8,178		1,522
Extracurricular		57,500	55,617		1,883
Capital Outlay		7,000	0		7,000
Total Expenditures		168,290	144,597		23,693
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,862	34,017		32,155
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		178,849	178,849		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		108	 108		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	180,819	\$ 212,974	\$	32,155

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

OTHER GRANTS FUND

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Total Revenues	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Expenditures:			
Total Expenditures	0	0	0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	0	0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	1,358	1,358	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 1,358	\$ 1,358	\$ 0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

DISTRICT MANAGED STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND

	Fina	Final I Pos			ance with al Budget ositive egative)	
Revenues:	_		_		_	
Investment Earnings	\$	230	\$	593	\$	363
Extracurricular Activities		141,510		147,118		5,608
All Other Revenues		53,720		52,761		(959)
Total Revenues		195,460		200,472		5,012
Expenditures:						
Extracurricular Activities		224,897		208,612		16,285
Total Expenditures		224,897		208,612		16,285
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		(29,437)		(8,140)		21,297
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		51,453		51,453		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	22,016	\$	43,313	\$	21,297

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM FUND

	Fina	l Budget	A	Actual	Final I Pos	ce with Budget itive ative)
Revenues:		,				
Total Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Expenditures:						
Total Expenditures	-	0		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		0		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		5,601		5,601		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	5,601	\$	5,601	\$	0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

SCHOOLNET PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FUND

	Fina	ıl Budget	 Actual	Final l	Budget sitive sative)
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental - State	\$	7,200	\$ 7,200	\$	0
Total Revenues		7,200	7,200		0
Expenditures:					
Total Expenditures		0	 0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		7,200	7,200		0
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		14,400	14,400		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	21,600	\$ 21,600	\$	0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

OTHER STATE GRANTS FUND

Revenues:	_ Fina	l Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with I Budget ositive egative)
Intergovernmental - State	\$	9,300	\$	9,289	\$	(11)
Total Revenues	Ψ	9,300	Ψ	9,289	Ψ	(11)
Expenditures:						
Support Services:						
Instructional Staff		9,289		0		9,289
Total Expenditures		9,289		0		9,289
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		11		9,289		9,278
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	11	\$	9,289	\$	9,278

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

TITLE VI-B FUND

				Var	riance with	
				Fin	al Budget	
]	Positive	
	Fin	al Budget	Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues:			 			
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	412,279	\$ 357,394	\$	(54,885)	
Total Revenues		412,279	357,394		(54,885)	
Expenditures:						
Instructional Services		247,355	234,541		12,814	
Support Services:						
Pupils		95,390	92,303		3,087	
Instructional Staff		5,067	278		4,789	
Administration		46,309	46,021		288	
Total Expenditures		394,121	373,143		20,978	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		18,158	(15,749)		(33,907)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Advances In		24,000	24,000		0	
Advances Out		(5,000)	 (5,000)		0	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		19,000	19,000		0	
Net Change in Fund Balance		37,158	3,251		(33,907)	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		649	649		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances		1,828	 1,828		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	39,635	\$ 5,728	\$	(33,907)	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

TITLE III LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY FUND

December	Final	Budget	A	ctual	Final Po	Budget sitive gative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	962	\$	962	\$	0
Total Revenues		962		962		0
Expenditures:						
Instructional Services		962		825		137
Total Expenditures		962		825		137
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		0		137		137
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0		0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	0	\$	137	\$	137

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

TITLE I FUND

	TEE IT CIVE		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			(= == g)
	f 206 200	¢ 250.154	¢ (47.055)
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$ 306,209	\$ 259,154	\$ (47,055)
Total Revenues	306,209	259,154	(47,055)
Expenditures:			
Instructional Services	275,844	274,484	1,360
Support Services:			
Pupils	15,944	11,200	4,744
Administration	16,821	14,911	1,910
Total Support Services	32,765	26,111	6,654
Total Expenditures	308,609	300,595	8,014
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	(2,400)	(41,441)	(39,041)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	39,000	39,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	39,000	39,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	36,600	(2,441)	(39,041)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	4,024	4,024	0
Prior Year Encumbrances	5,250	5,250	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 45,874	\$ 6,833	\$ (39,041)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

IDEA PRESCHOOL GRANT FOR THE HANDICAPPED FUND

Revenues:	<u>Fin</u>	al Budget	 Actual	Fina F	iance with al Budget Positive [egative]
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$	11,740	\$ 4,755	\$	(6,985)
Total Revenues		11,740	4,755		(6,985)
Expenditures:					
Support Services:					
Pupil Transportation		6,740	4,755		1,985
Total Expenditures		6,740	4,755		1,985
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures		5,000	0		(5,000)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		0	0		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	5,000	\$ 0	\$	(5,000)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY FUND

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	E. 1D 1 4	A 1	Positive (Negative)
_	Final Budget	Final Budget Actual	
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$ 61,760	\$ 60,771	\$ (989)
Total Revenues	61,760	60,771	(989)
Expenditures:			
Instructional Services	4,229	3,610	619
Support Services:			
Instructional Staff:	57,322	57,322	0
Total Expenditures	61,551	60,932	619
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	209	(161)	(370)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	2,000	2,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,000	2,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,209	1,839	(370)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 2,209	\$ 1,839	\$ (370)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

OTHER FEDERAL GRANTS FUND

			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental - Federal	\$ 26,914	\$ 3,375	\$ (23,539)
Total Revenues	26,914	3,375	(23,539)
Expenditures:			
Support Services:			
Pupils	26,914	3,775	23,139
Total Expenditures	26,914	3,775	23,139
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over (Under) Expenditures	0	(400)	(400)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Advances In	4,000	4,000	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses):	4,000	4,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,000	3,600	(400)
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year	0_	0	0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$ 4,000	\$ 3,600	\$ (400)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Fin	Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					<u> </u>	
Local Sources:						
Taxes	\$	200,139	\$	199,702	\$	(437)
Investment Earnings		30,000		32,625		2,625
Intergovernmental - State		18,000		17,149		(851)
Total Revenues		248,139		249,476		1,337
Expenditures:						
Instructional Services		179,581		172,842		6,739
Support Services:						
Fiscal Services		3,500		3,000		500
Central		8,955		8,584		371
Total Expenditures		192,036		184,426		7,610
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures		56,103		65,050		8,947
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		565,215		565,215		0
Prior Year Encumbrances		31,536		31,536		0
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	652,854	\$	661,801	\$	8,947

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

BUILDING FUND

	Fina	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:							
Investment Earnings	\$	8,500	\$	8,993	\$	493	
Total Revenues		8,500		8,993		493	
Expenditures:							
Total Expenditures		0		0		0	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		8,500		8,993		493	
Fund Balance at Beginning of Year		10,483		10,483		0	
Fund Balance at End of Year	\$	18,983	\$	19,476	\$	493	

Fiduciary Fund

Fiduciary fund types are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units and/or other funds.

Agency Fund

Student Managed Activity Fund

To account for resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools for sales and other revenue generating activities.

Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA) Tournament Fund

To account for athletic tournament monies held by the District in a custodial capacity.

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019
Student Managed Activity Fund				
Assets:	0.42 621	400.674	(472.226)	\$50.050
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$42,621	\$80,674	(\$72,336)	\$50,959
Total Assets	\$42,621	\$80,674	(\$72,336)	\$50,959
Liabilities:				
Due to Students	\$42,621	\$80,674	(\$72,336)	\$50,959
Total Liabilities	\$42,621	\$80,674	(\$72,336)	\$50,959
OHSAA Tournament Fund				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$29,767	\$24,961	(\$54,068)	\$660
Total Assets	\$29,767	\$24,961	(\$54,068)	\$660
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$29,767	\$24,961	(\$54,068)	\$660
Total Liabilities	\$29,767	\$24,961	(\$54,068)	\$660
<u>Totals - All Agency Funds</u>				
Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$72,388	\$105,635	(\$126,404)	\$51,619
Total Assets	\$72,388	\$105,635	(\$126,404)	\$51,619
Liabilities:				
Due to Others	\$29,767	\$24,961	(\$54,068)	\$660
Due to Students	42,621	80,674	(72,336)	50,959
Total Liabilities	\$72,388	\$105,635	(\$126,404)	\$51,619



STATISTICAL TABLES

This part of the Districts comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contonts

Contents	
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial position has changed over time.	S 2 – S 13
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader understand and assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate its most significant local revenue sources, property taxes.	S 14 – S 21
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	S 22 – S 29
Economic and Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place and to provide information that facilitates comparisons of financial information over time and among governments.	S 30 – S 33
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	S 34 – S 45
Sources Note:	

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

Heath City School District

Net Position by Component Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,693,125	\$2,630,860	\$2,239,306	\$1,569,237
Restricted for:				
Capital Projects	829,813	719,231	738,118	692,224
Debt Service	1,072,423	1,054,061	1,128,253	1,042,315
Statutory Purposes	0	0	140,760	61,909
Federal and State Grant Programs	0	0	36,153	33,557
Other Purposes	815,061	1,235,344	0	0
Unrestricted	(246,538)	(1,193,673)	(1,279,996)	(2,343,361)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$5,163,884	\$4,445,823	\$3,002,594	\$1,055,881
Primary Government:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$2,693,125	\$2,630,860	\$2,239,306	\$1,569,237
Restricted	2,717,297	3,008,636	2,043,284	1,830,005
Unrestricted	(246,538)	(1,193,673)	(1,279,996)	(2,343,361)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$5,163,884	\$4,445,823	\$3,002,594	\$1,055,881

^{*} Restated

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
* \$1,007,118	\$668,117	\$1,387,709	* \$1,638,635	\$2,116,344	\$2,516,261
Ψ1,007,110	φοσο,117	Ψ1,501,105	Ψ1,030,033	Ψ2,110,311	Ψ2,510,201
653,740	661,314	560,592	589,014	679,363	737,612
1,038,847	1,063,596	1,237,784	998,467	1,395,292	1,442,042
108,722	81,520	81,982	95,543	56,396	111,260
54,850	46,561	77,319	48,913	35,836	38,835
0	0	0	0	0	0
(20,546,771)	(18,183,979)	(17,112,694)	(20,943,208)	(11,282,637)	(8,799,138)
(\$17,683,494)	(\$15,662,871)	(\$13,767,308)	(\$17,572,636)	(\$6,999,406)	(\$3,953,128)
\$1,007,118	\$668,117	\$1,387,709	\$1,638,635	\$2,116,344	\$2,516,261
1,856,159	1,852,991	1,957,677	1,731,937	2,166,887	2,329,749
(20,546,771)	(18,183,979)	(17,112,694)	(20,943,208)	(11,282,637)	(8,799,138)
(\$17,683,494)	(\$15,662,871)	(\$13,767,308)	(\$17,572,636)	(\$6,999,406)	(\$3,953,128)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Expenses				
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction	\$10,537,518	\$10,300,203	\$9,989,037	\$10,304,880
Support Services:				
Pupils	1,030,058	935,407	805,150	632,193
Instructional Staff	374,083	384,329	344,754	318,009
Board of Education	11,787	16,901	20,516	79,588
Administration	1,450,432	1,452,788	1,618,593	1,468,112
Fiscal Services	504,185	499,038	492,224	506,287
Business	34,831	34,834	17,713	29,284
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,236,884	1,230,337	1,306,882	1,351,000
Pupil Transportation	631,971	642,930	638,839	654,334
Central	291,401	319,121	280,810	275,932
Operation of Non-Instructional Services				
Community Services	10,722	6,758	6,117	1,776
Food Service Operations	629,322	597,437	616,504	616,807
Shared Services	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	1,900	0
Extracurricular Activities	713,070	688,364	574,354	601,322
Interest and Fiscal Charges	985,299	1,012,984	1,024,811	1,117,528
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$18,441,563	\$18,121,431	\$17,738,204	\$17,957,052
Program Revenues				
Governmental Activities:				
Charges for Services				
Instruction	\$158,698	\$161,632	\$137,166	\$156,220
Support Services:				
Pupils	59,040	47,311	45,392	41,000
Operation of Non-Instructional Services				
Food Service Operations	256,785	243,667	241,808	220,566
Extracurricular Activities	109,350	115,755	87,820	102,999
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,564,636	1,688,192	838,086	895,828
Total Governmental Activities				
Program Revenues	2,148,509	2,256,557	1,350,272	1,416,613

<u>2014</u> <u>2015</u> <u>2016</u> <u>2017</u> <u>2018</u>	2019
\$10,096,148 \$10,513,018 \$11,220,535 \$11,477,367 \$5,716,009	\$10,521,710
\$10,090,146 \$10,515,016 \$11,220,555 \$11,477,507 \$5,710,009	φ10,521,710
621,994 583,590 640,770 705,634 522,576	874,557
264,908 324,069 325,261 381,955 486,743	706,334
80,043 49,101 248,574 329,525 63,368	106,787
1,518,459 1,523,311 1,748,840 1,673,351 1,094,581	1,485,126
528,591 578,977 466,731 636,550 605,510	732,416
14,330 20,438 28,922 13,562 17,892	16,137
1,330,607 1,507,678 1,909,197 1,838,229 1,598,068	1,933,978
637,015 592,204 643,460 654,868 628,413	757,602
308,948 451,684 347,036 403,385 240,897	265,375
4,410 1,994 4,416 0 0	0
567,567 596,853 653,795 727,620 724,156	923,351
17,994 54,691 0 0	0
$0 \qquad \qquad 0 \qquad \qquad 0 \qquad \qquad 0$	0
593,994 618,078 616,176 793,082 424,403	849,040
891,757 657,894 544,983 474,616 464,897	441,336
\$17,476,765 \$18,073,580 \$19,398,696 \$20,109,744 \$12,587,513	\$19,613,749
\$600,894 \$948,735 \$1,037,209 \$1,219,571 \$1,484,917	\$1,823,216
43,788 60,609 55,620 60,990 51,269	83,483
186,257 152,316 198,299 235,209 264,402	437,187
134,064 124,900 130,864 148,799 134,362	147,118
<u>1,026,547</u>	1,301,886
1.001.550	2.502.000
1,991,550 2,373,796 2,545,014 2,894,106 3,120,854	3,792,890

(Continued)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Total Primary Government	(16,293,054)	(15,864,874)	(16,387,932)	(16,540,439)
Net (Expense)/Revenue	(\$16,293,054)	(\$15,864,874)	(\$16,387,932)	(\$16,540,439)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	on			
Governmental Activities:				
Property Taxes Levied for:				
General Purposes	\$7,924,272	\$6,934,888	\$6,981,958	\$6,623,175
Debt Service	1,332,583	1,090,509	1,161,817	1,095,634
Capital Outlay	207,989	196,460	172,436	177,920
Grants and Entitlements not	,	,	,	,
Restricted to Specific Programs	6,198,597	6,391,572	6,098,286	6,145,307
Investment Earnings	19,132	11,449	9,489	7,825
Miscellaneous	507,269	521,935	520,717	543,865
Total Primary Government	\$16,189,842	\$15,146,813	\$14,944,703	\$14,593,726
Change in Net Position				
Governmental Activities	(103,212)	(718,061)	(1,443,229)	(1,946,713)
Total Primary Government	· · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Change in Net Position	(\$103,212)	(\$718,061)	(\$1,443,229)	(\$1,946,713)

^{*} Restated

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
(15,485,215)	(15,699,784)	(16,853,682)	(17,215,638)	(9,466,659)	(15,820,859)
(\$15,485,215)	(\$15,699,784)	(\$16,853,682)	(\$17,215,638)	(\$9,466,659)	(\$15,820,859)
\$7,854,925	\$8,621,606	\$9,279,815	\$9,239,268	\$10,485,484	\$8,964,782
1,171,836	1,290,787	1,343,433	1,150,316	1,359,339	1,206,282
186,087	187,583	196,007	192,177	211,594	183,116
6,383,632	7,086,554	7,371,309	7,435,029	7,643,707	7,709,959
6,886	10,716	29,265	65,859	119,740	309,956
543,418	523,161	529,416	388,805	220,025	493,042
\$16,146,784	\$17,720,407	\$18,749,245	\$18,471,454	\$20,039,889	\$18,867,137
661,569	2,020,623	1,895,563	1,255,816	10,573,230	3,046,278
\$661,569	\$2,020,623	\$1,895,563	\$1,255,816	\$10,573,230	\$3,046,278

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$0	\$183,217	\$171,764	\$58,886
Restricted	0	1,071,779	86,144	5,881
Assigned	0	240,210	143,303	124,352
Unassigned	0	1,177,178	1,167,714	0
Reserved	2,270,930	0	0	0
Unreserved	79,028	0	0	0
Total General Fund	2,349,958	2,672,384	1,568,925	189,119
All Other Governmental Funds				
Nonspendable	0	30,011	27,854	18,872
Restricted	0	1,833,419	1,893,664	1,811,895
Unassigned	0	0	(21,255)	(44,961)
Reserved	1,342,239	0	0	0
Unreserved, Undesignated in:				
Special Revenue Funds	455,673	0	0	0
Capital Projects Funds	582,640	0	0	0
Total All Other Governmental Funds	2,380,552	1,863,430	1,900,263	1,785,806
Total Governmental Funds	\$4,730,510	\$4,535,814	\$3,469,188	\$1,974,925

Source: District Treasurer's Office

Note: The District implemented GASB 54 in 2011 which established new fund balance classifications for governmental funds.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$2,463	\$2,075	\$27,763	\$29,944	\$0	\$228,193
36,428	15,307	\$27,703	\$29,944 0	5 0	\$220,193
717,659	187,650	261,619	175,101	531,080	682,787
533,211	2,810,841	4,221,923	6,021,754	8,355,313	8,524,927
0	2,010,041	1,221,723	0,021,734	0,555,515	0,324,727
0	0	0	0	0	0
1,289,761	3,015,873	4,511,305	6,226,799	8,886,393	9,435,907
63,584	42,889	17,200	33,000	49,849	74,707
1,779,099	1,809,505	1,949,189	1,695,240	2,128,484	2,288,854
(27,959)	(15,973)	0	(53,802)	(25,226)	(47,486)
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
1,814,724	1,836,421	1,966,389	1,674,438	2,153,107	2,316,075
\$3,104,485	\$4,852,294	\$6,477,694	\$7,901,237	\$11,039,500	\$11,751,982

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Taxes	\$9,331,887	\$8,188,824	\$8,381,872	\$8,082,155
Tuition	81,380	86,905	66,003	78,449
Food Service	256,785	243,667	241,808	220,566
Investment Earnings	22,538	11,841	9,590	7,807
Extracurricular Activities	109,350	115,755	87,820	102,999
Class Materials and Fees	75,966	72,703	64,454	76,887
Intergovernmental - State	6,271,018	6,375,408	6,115,330	6,048,971
Intergovernmental - Federal	1,409,484	1,736,676	836,314	920,119
All Other Revenue	567,612	571,270	572,818	585,749
Total Revenue	18,126,020	17,403,049	16,376,009	16,123,702
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	9,973,182	9,795,976	9,631,529	9,887,089
Supporting Services:				
Pupils	982,329	927,881	809,099	609,970
Instructional Staff	350,625	362,563	324,278	301,093
Board of Education	11,787	16,901	20,516	79,588
Administration	1,396,787	1,384,316	1,638,441	1,506,325
Fiscal Services	496,682	492,914	487,692	502,551
Business	34,831	34,834	17,713	29,284
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,168,957	1,189,989	1,222,560	1,208,877
Pupil Transportation	556,111	571,969	585,119	613,996
Central	279,319	311,756	278,397	274,241
Operation of Non-Instructional Services				
Community Services	10,722	6,758	6,117	1,776
Food Service Operations	594,848	560,267	583,818	583,763
Shared Services	0	0	0	0
Other	0	0	1,900	0
Extracurricular Activities	543,862	520,440	421,200	452,268
Capital Outlay	91,484	88,968	49,870	174,798
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	820,875	818,702	866,702	983,849
Interest and Fiscal Charges	554,109	514,971	491,780	485,280
Total Expenditures	17,866,510	17,599,205	17,436,731	17,694,748
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	259,510	(196,156)	(1,060,722)	(1,571,046)
, , ,	, -	(, -/	` ' ' '	· / / -/

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$9,250,713	\$10,115,662	\$10,830,906	\$10,637,252	\$12,058,474	\$10,332,895
535,675	890,288	979,931	1,161,902	1,425,622	1,743,264
186,257	152,316	198,299	235,209	264,402	437,187
6,416	9,938	28,683	62,562	112,336	301,643
134,064	124,900	130,864	148,799	134,362	147,118
64,719	57,449	56,246	57,169	59,295	65,452
6,647,676	7,194,372	7,435,863	7,556,848	7,754,127	7,840,232
879,254	982,893	1,040,547	1,037,083	1,134,337	1,175,567
583,706	584,368	585,668	450,295	261,294	591,025
18,288,480	20,112,186	21,287,007	21,347,119	23,204,249	22,634,383
9,671,600	10,227,343	10,839,935	10,872,530	11,090,703	11,414,377
597,979	610,112	625,555	657,412	644,394	918,782
243,751	317,931	305,817	321,093	581,614	694,798
80,043	49,101	248,574	329,525	63,368	106,787
1,459,945	1,507,152	1,726,393	1,516,556	1,703,790	1,535,711
536,825	573,425	514,527	601,325	629,735	692,595
14,330	20,438	28,922	13,562	17,892	16,137
1,253,864	1,423,453	1,677,527	1,570,171	1,575,075	1,830,963
584,559	544,902	607,345	554,295	652,338	705,637
308,225	448,230	344,887	408,367	246,830	296,739
,	,	,	,	,	,
4,410	1,994	4,416	0	0	0
531,695	553,134	603,909	699,024	709,644	869,190
17,994	54,691	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
426,676	463,049	460,474	591,781	631,697	751,048
274,419	68,586	308,295	646,597	173,287	725,296
923,699	1,022,773	1,073,448	1,135,286	1,063,627	1,182,351
484,775	465,915	437,664	331,426	295,132	276,662
17,414,789	18,352,229	19,807,688	20,248,950	20,079,126	22,017,073
972 601	1 750 057	1 470 210	1 000 160	2 105 102	617 210
873,691	1,759,957	1,479,319	1,098,169	3,125,123	617,310
					(Continued)

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Sale of Capital Assets	49	0	0	0
Insurance Proceeds	0	0	0	0
Refunding General Obligation Bonds Issued	0	0	0	0
Premium on General				
Obligation Refunding Bond	0	0	0	0
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent	0	0	0	0
Other Financing Sources - Capital Leases	0	0	0	74,450
Transfers In	20,000	0	0	0
Transfers Out	(20,000)	0	0	0
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	49	0	0	74,450
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$259,559	(\$196,156)	(\$1,060,722)	(\$1,496,596)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	7.71%	7.61%	7.81%	8.36%

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
4,000	400	400	3,000	2,000	0
0	0	0	0	0	89,200
0	0	7,340,000	0	0	0
0	0	493,000	0	0	0
0	0	(7,688,354)	0	0	0
250,956	0	0	325,526	8,820	0
50,000	85,000	0	101,150	128,825	0
(50,000)	(85,000)	0	(101,150)	(128,825)	0
254,956	400	145,046	328,526	10,820	89,200
\$1,128,647	\$1,760,357	\$1,624,365	\$1,426,695	\$3,135,943	\$706,510
8.21%	8.13%	7.70%	7.43%	6.83%	6.88%

Assessed Valuations and Estimated True Values of Taxable Property Last Ten Calendar Years

Tax year	2009	2010	2011	2012
Real Property			*	
Assessed	\$243,252,830	\$243,524,570	\$246,409,720	\$248,432,630
Actual	695,008,086	695,784,486	704,027,771	709,807,514
Public Utility				
Assessed	5,787,400	6,265,120	6,342,490	6,675,260
Actual	5,787,400	6,265,120	6,342,490	6,675,260
Tangible Personal Property				
Assessed	536,600	0	0	0
Actual	5,366,000	0	0	0
Total				
Assessed	249,576,830	249,789,690	252,752,210	255,107,890
Actual	706,161,486	702,049,606	710,370,261	716,482,774
Assessed Value as a				
Percentage of Actual Value	35.34%	35.58%	35.58%	35.61%
Total Direct Tax Rate	\$55.70	\$55.62	\$55.70	\$53.85

Source: Licking County Auditor

* Reappraisal

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

Assessed value of Real Property is at 35%, Assessed value of Public Utility is at 100%. Telephone and telecommunications property was reclassified to general business personal property and assessed at 10% for 2009 and 0% from 2010 forward.

^{**} Update

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$248,446,390 709,846,829	\$246,138,835 703,253,814	\$234,500,020 670,000,057	\$236,501,406 675,718,303	\$259,175,790 740,502,257	\$259,850,293 742,429,409
7,976,040 7,976,040	8,025,020 8,025,020	9,434,090 9,434,090	11,761,470 11,761,470	12,215,810 12,215,810	18,044,810 18,044,810
0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0
256,422,430 717,822,869	254,163,855 711,278,834	243,934,110 679,434,147	248,262,876 687,479,773	271,391,600 752,718,067	277,895,103 760,474,219
35.72%	35.73%	35.90%	36.11%	36.05%	36.54%
\$61.75	\$63.10	\$64.30	\$63.30	\$62.60	\$62.60

Property Tax Rates of Direct and Overlapping Governments (per \$1,000 of assessed value) Last Ten Calendar Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012
Direct District Rates				
General Fund	49.30	49.31	49.30	47.60
Bond Retirement Fund	5.20	5.11	5.20	5.05
Permanent Improvement Fund	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
Total	55.70	55.62	55.70	53.85
Overlapping Rates				
City of Heath	5.40	5.40	5.40	5.65
Career and Technical Education Center	2.50	2.52	2.54	2.48
Licking County	7.40	7.70	7.70	7.70
Licking County Library	0.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Licking County Park District	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Ohio Revised Code Sections 5705.02 and 5705.07 require a vote of the people for any millage exceeding the "unvoted" or "inside" millage.

Source:

Licking County Auditor's Office Licking County Treasurer's Office

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
55.50	56.60	57.80	57.20	56.10	56.10
5.05	5.30	5.30	4.90	5.30	5.30
1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20	1.20
61.75	63.10	64.30	63.30	62.60	62.60
5.40	5.40	6.40	6.40	6.40	6.40
2.56	2.54	2.58	2.57	2.55	2.55
7.70	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.50	9.50
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	2.80



Principal Taxpayers Real Estate Tax and Public Utilities Personal Property Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Calendar Year 2018		18
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total Assessed Value
Ohio Power Company	Utility Company - Electric	\$10,294,810	1	3.70%
Glimcher Properties Limited Partnership	Development	8,103,240	2	2.92%
AEP Ohio Transmission Co, Inc.	Utility Company - Electric	5,886,400	3	2.12%
Southgate Association Limited Partnership	Shopping Center	5,512,500	4	1.98%
Quest Heathwood Village LLC	Apartments	4,094,900	5	1.47%
Wal*Mart Stores, Inc.	Retail Store	3,308,240	6	1.19%
Cross Creek Limited Partnership	Shopping Center	2,862,020	7	1.03%
Kaiser Aluminum and				
Chemical Corporation	Aluminum Processing	2,646,250	8	0.95%
Heath-Newark-Licking				
County Port Authority	Real Estate - Leasing	2,640,190	9	0.95%
Glenwood Apartments LLC	Apartments	2,450,000	10	0.88%
Subtotal		47,798,550		17.19%
All Others		230,096,553		82.81%
Total		\$277,895,103		100.00%

	_	Calendar Year 2009		
				Percent of
				Total
		Assessed		Assessed
Name of Taxpayer	Nature of Business	Value	Rank	Value
Glimcher Properties Limited Partnership	Development	\$10,303,060	1	4.13%
Southgate Association Limited Partnership	Shopping Center	5,539,140	2	2.22%
Ohio Power Company	Utility Company - Electric	4,989,760	3	2.00%
Inland Western Heath Southgate LLC	Retail	4,075,370	4	1.63%
Chapel Grove Management Company	Apartments and Assisted Living	2,976,160	5	1.19%
Wal*Mart Stores, Inc.	Retail Store	2,792,340	6	1.11%
Heath-Newark-Licking				
County Port Authority	Real Estate - Leasing	2,643,730	7	1.06%
Kaiser Aluminum and				
Chemical Corporation	Aluminum Processing	2,490,810	8	1.00%
Lowe's	Retail	2,358,790	9	0.95%
H&D Holding Company	Nursing and Convalescent Home	2,018,490	10	0.81%
Subtotal		40,187,650		16.10%
All Others		209,389,180		83.90%
Total		\$249,576,830		100.00%

Source: Licking County Auditor - Land and Buildings Based on valuation of property in 2018 and 2009

Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Years

Collection Year	2009	2010	2011
Total Tax Levy	\$9,252,238	\$9,420,730	\$9,476,237
Collections within the Fiscal Year of the Levy			
Current Tax Collections	8,929,050	8,385,220	9,196,764
Percent of Levy Collected	96.51%	89.01%	97.05%
Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	204,670	336,522	336,523
Total Tax Collections	9,133,720	8,721,742	9,533,287
Percent of Total Tax Collections To Tax Levy	98.72%	92.58%	100.60%
Accumulated Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	644,070	698,988	214,485
Percentage of Accumulated Delinquent Taxes to Total Tax Levy	6.96%	7.42%	2.26%

Source: Licking County Auditor's Office
Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the County.

⁽¹⁾ The County's current computer system is unable to track delinquent tax collections by tax year.

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
\$9,495,631	\$9,003,974	\$10,960,686	\$11,119,757	\$11,551,120	\$11,419,479	\$12,048,452
9,149,588	8,709,214	10,649,259	10,812,156	11,223,676	11,188,024	11,870,917
96.36%	96.73%	97.16%	97.23%	97.17%	97.97%	98.53%
96,940	3,969	167,209	161,863	284,617	225,920	197,873
9,246,528	8,713,183	10,816,468	10,974,019	11,508,293	11,413,944	12,068,790
97.38%	96.77%	98.68%	98.69%	99.63%	99.95%	100.17%
232,431	183,748	190,554	125,628	120,889	153,338	174,622
2.45%	2.04%	1.74%	1.13%	1.05%	1.34%	1.45%

Ratio of Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities (1)	_		*	
Long-Term Notes Payable	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
General Obligation Bonds Payable	15,402,557	15,120,402	15,061,386	14,522,171
Capital Leases	169,535	120,833	69,131	64,732
Total Primary Government	\$15,572,092	\$15,241,235	\$15,130,517	\$14,586,903
Population (2) City of Heath Outstanding Debt Per Capita	8,507 1,831	10,310 1,478	10,310 1,468	10,310 1,415
Income (3) Personal (in thousands) Percentage of Personal Income	291,348 5.34%	358,520 4.25%	386,532 3.91%	388,470 3.75%

^{*} Restated for Deferred Charge on Refunding

Sources:

- (1) District Treasurer's Office
- (2) US Bureau of Census of Population
- (3) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County, Total Personal Income is a calculation based on previous calendar year

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
13,902,047	13,170,033	12,140,782	11,355,564	10,566,487	9,655,045
301,989	204,216	105,768	256,008	191,201	113,850
\$14,204,036	\$13,374,249	\$12,246,550	\$11,611,572	\$10,757,688	\$9,768,895
\$14,204,030	\$13,374,249	\$12,240,330	\$11,011,372	\$10,737,000	\$9,700,093
10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
1,378	1,297	1,188	1,126	1,043	948
396,822	410,699	428,700	435,257	455,826	455,826
3.58%	3.26%	2.86%	2.67%	2.36%	2.14%

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Years

Year	2010	2011	2012	2013
Population (1)	8,507	10,310	10,310	10,310
Assessed Value (2)	249,576,830	249,789,690	252,752,210	255,107,890
General Bonded Debt (3) General Obligation Bonds	15,402,557	15,120,402	15,061,386	14,522,171
Resources Available to Pay Principal (4)	880,415	1,031,216	1,103,745	1,042,575
Net General Bonded Debt	14,522,142	14,089,186	13,957,641	13,479,596
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value	5.82%	5.64%	5.52%	5.28%
Net Bonded Debt per Capita	1,707.08	1,366.56	1,353.80	1,307.43

Source:

- (1) U.S. Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) Licking County Auditor
- (3) Includes all general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes
- (4) Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
256,422,430	254,163,855	243,934,110	248,262,876	271,391,600	277,895,103
12 002 047	12 170 022	12 140 702	11 255 564	10.566.407	0.655.045
13,902,047	13,170,033	12,140,782	11,355,564	10,566,487	9,655,045
1,049,893	1,075,169	1,242,170	1,006,492	1,399,129	1,443,227
12,852,154	12,094,864	10,898,612	10,349,072	9,167,358	8,211,818
5.01%	4.76%	4.47%	4.17%	3.38%	2.96%
1,246.57	1,173.12	1,057.09	1,003.79	889.17	796.49



Computation of Direct and Overlapping Debt Attributable to Governmental Activities June 30, 2019

Jurisdiction	Net Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Heath City School District	Amount Applicable to Heath City School District
Direct:			
Heath City School District	\$9,768,895	100.00%	\$9,768,895
Overlapping:			
City of Heath	1,281,175	91.37%	1,170,610
Career and Technical Education Center	3,155,000	6.64%	209,492
Licking County	31,381,830	6.22%	1,951,950
		Subtotal	3,332,052
		Total	\$13,100,947

Source: Licking County and Fiscal Officers of Subdivision

Overlapping percentage was calculated by dividing each overlapping subdivision's assessed valuation within the City by the subdivision's total assessed valuation.

Debt Limitations Last Ten Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Net Assessed Valuation	\$249,576,830	\$249,789,690	* \$252,752,210	\$255,107,890
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	22,461,915	22,481,072	22,747,699	22,959,710
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	15,402,557	15,120,402	15,061,386	14,522,171
Less: Applicable Debt Service Fund Amounts (2)	(880,415)	(1,031,216)	(1,103,745)	(1,042,575)
Net Indebtedness Subject to Limitation	14,522,142	14,089,186	13,957,641	13,479,596
Overall Legal Debt Margin	\$7,939,773	\$8,391,886	\$8,790,058	\$9,480,114
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	249,577	249,790	252,752	255,108
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	0	0	0	0
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$249,577	\$249,790	\$252,752	\$255,108
		<u> </u>		
Legal Debt Limitation (%) (1)	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
Legal Debt Limitation (\$) (1)	2,246,191	2,248,107	2,274,770	2,295,971
Applicable District Debt Outstanding	0	0	0	0
Unvoted Energy Conservation				
Loans Legal Debt Margin	\$2,246,191	\$2,248,107	\$2,274,770	\$2,295,971

^{*}Restated for Deferred Charge on Refunding

⁽¹⁾ Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt, 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt, and 9/10 of 1% for energy conservation debt.

⁽²⁾ Includes only Debt Service funds available for general obligation bonded debt supported by property taxes.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Φ25 <i>C</i> 422 420	Φ <u>0</u> 54 1 <i>6</i> 2 055	Φ242 024 110	Ф2.49.262.97 <i>6</i>	Ф 27 1 201 600	Ф 277 005 102
\$256,422,430	\$254,163,855	\$243,934,110	\$248,262,876	\$271,391,600	\$277,895,103
9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
23,078,019	22,874,747	21,954,070	22,343,659	24,425,244	25,010,559
13,902,047	13,170,033	12,140,782	11,355,564	10,566,487	9,655,045
(1,049,893)	(1,075,169)	(1,242,170)	(1,006,492)	(1,399,129)	(1,443,227)
12,852,154	12,094,864	10,898,612	10,349,072	9,167,358	8,211,818
\$10,225,865	\$10,779,883	\$11,055,458	\$11,994,587	\$15,257,886	\$16,798,741
0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
256,422	254,164	243,934	248,263	271,392	277,895
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$256,422	\$254,164	\$243,934	\$248,263	\$271,392	\$277,895
0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%	0.90%
2,307,802	2,287,475	2,195,407	2,234,366	2,442,524	2,501,056
0	0	0	0	0	0
\$2,307,802	\$2,287,475	\$2,195,407	\$2,234,366	\$2,442,524	\$2,501,056

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Calendar Year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Population (1)					
City of Heath	8,507	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
Licking County	158,488	166,492	166,983	167,719	168,503
Income (2) (a)					
Total Personal (in thousands)	291,348	358,520	386,532	388,470	396,822
Per Capita	34,248	34,774	37,491	37,679	38,489
Unemployment Rate (3)					
Federal	9.3%	9.6%	8.9%	8.1%	7.4%
State	10.2%	10.1%	8.6%	7.2%	7.4%
Licking County	9.3%	9.5%	8.0%	6.5%	6.9%
Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
School Enrollment (4)	2010			2010	2011
Grades K - 2	373	359	347	353	359
Grades 3 - 5	413	401	381	379	382
Grades 6 - 8	437	457	419	408	388
Grades 9 - 12	468	458	455	477	505
JVS	52	55	56	55	48
Total	1,743	1,730	1,658	1,672	1,682

Sources:

- (1) US Bureau of Census of Population
- (2) US Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
 - (a) Per Capita Income is only available by County (2018 not available), Total Personal Income is a calculation
- (3) State Department of Labor Statistics
- (4) District Treasurer's Office

Note: In FY 18, all years of School Enrollment were restated using ODE October headcounts.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
10.010	10.210	10.010	10.210	10.210
10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310	10,310
169,390	170,570	172,198	173,448	173,448
410,699	428,700	435,257	455,826	455,826
39,835	41,581	42,217	44,212	44,212
6.2%	5.3%	4.9%	4.4%	3.9%
5.7%	4.9%	4.9%	5.0%	4.6%
5.1%	4.4%	4.3%	4.2%	4.0%
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
2013	2010	2017	2010	2017
393	397	376	382	394
398	410	418	403	385
406	396	385	405	421
486	479	489	497	408
65	70_	56	65	77
1,748	1,752	1,724	1,752	1,685



Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2018	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank
Central Ohio Aerospace & Technology Center	Manufacturing	873	1
Super Wal-Mart Stores	Retail Sales	439	2
Heath City Schools	Education	307	3
Krogers	Retail / Grocery	296	4
JLH Automotive	Retail / Grocery	281	5
Lowe's Home Center	Retail / Grocery	256	6
Englefield Oil	Petroleum Products	252	7
Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Co	Manufacturing	246	8
Heath Nursing Home	Health Care	201	9
Mathews Ford	Retail Sales	158	10
Total		3,309	

		2009	
Employer	Nature of Business	Number of Employees	Rank
Central Ohio Aerospace & Technology Center	Manufacturing	995	1
Arvin/Meritor	Manufacturing	416	2
Super Wal-Mart Stores	Retail Sales	402	3
Heath City Schools	Education	300	4
Kaiser Aluminum & Chemical Co.	Manufacturing	263	5
Heath Nursing Home	Health Care	258	6
Sears	Retail Sales	158	7
Lowes Home Center	Retail Sales	157	8
JHL Automotive	Retail Sales	157	9
Englefield Oil	Petroleum Products	154	10
Total		3,260	

Sources: City of Heath. Presented on a calendar year basis because that is the manner in which the information is maintained by the City. Information for total City employment is not available.

School District Employees by Type Last Ten Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Supervisory					·
Instructional Administrators	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Noninstructional Administrators	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Principals	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Assistant Principals	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00
Instruction					
Classroom Teachers	106.00	104.00	102.00	100.00	104.00
Student Services					
Guidance Counselors	3.50	3.50	2.50	1.00	1.00
Psychologists	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Librarians	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Support Services					
Clerical/Secretaries	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Tutors/Aides	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
Food Service	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.00
Maintenance/Grounds	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
Transportation	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00	12.00
Total Employees	172.50	170.50	167.50	162.00	167.00

Method: The District began using EMIS staffing submissions as its source data in FY 18, and as such, restated the statistics from FY 15 through FY 18 using available historical data. Staffing counts reflect current positions at the time of submission of the final CK staff employment record for the fiscal year. In addition, the figures represent only regular positions and exclude temporary or supplemental positions. FTEs are defined as the District's definition of a full-time equivalent for that particular position. For example, some positions are considered to be full-time at 6 hours per day (ex. Cooks), while others might be 7.25 hours per day (ex. Teachers). Staffing figures exclude any positions with less than 3 hours per day.

Source: District Treasurer's Office

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00
4.00	4.00	3.00	4.00	4.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00
1100	1100	1.00	1.00	2.00
97.50	94.50	89.75	96.25	100.50
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	6.00	6.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
11.00	10.00	11.50	12.00	11.00
14.00	14.50	12.00	10.00	9.50
11.00	11.00	9.00	10.00	9.50
9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.50
13.00	11.00	13.00	12.00	10.00
172.50	167.00	160.25	170.25	173.00

Operating Indicators - Cost per Pupil Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013
Enrollment	1,743	1,730	1,658	1,672
Modified Accrual Basis				
Operating Expenditures	17,866,510	17,599,205	17,436,731	17,694,748
Cost per Pupil	10,250	10,173	10,517	10,583
Percentage of Change	6.8%	(0.8%)	3.4%	0.6%
Accrual Basis (1)				
Expenses	17,456,264	17,108,447	16,713,393	16,839,524
Cost per Pupil	10,015	9,889	10,080	10,071
Percentage of Change	9.21%	(1.26%)	1.93%	(0.09%)
Teaching Staff	106	104	93	94

⁽¹⁾ Expenses exclude interest and fiscal charges

Source: District Treasurer's Office and Ohio Department of Education

Note: In FY 18, all years of Enrollment were restated using ODE October headcounts.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1,682	1,748	1,752	1,724	1,752	1,685
17,414,789	18,352,229	19,807,688	20,248,950	20,079,126	22,017,073
10,354	10,499	11,306	11,745	11,461	13,067
(2.2%)	1.4%	7.7%	3.9%	(2.4%)	14.0%
	.=		40 4-0		
16,585,008	17,415,686	18,853,713	19,635,128	12,122,616	19,172,413
9,860	9,963	10,761	11,389	6,919	11,378
(2.10%)	1.04%	8.01%	5.84%	(39.25%)	64.44%
100	97.50	94.50	89.75	96.25	100.50

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities				
Pupils				
Enrollment	1,681	1,652	1,597	1,614
Graduates	110	122	116	112
Percent of Students with Disabilities	6.5%	6.7%	7.0%	7.1%
Board of Education				
Regularly scheduled board meetings per year	12	12	12	12
Administration				
School Attendance Rate	94.70%	95.40%	96.40%	96.20%
Fiscal Services				
Purchase Orders Processed	2,067	2,114	2,116	2,355
Checks Issued (non payroll)	1,583	2,266	2,242	2,385
Operation and Maintenance of Plant				
District Square Footage Maintained	291,068	291,068	291,068	291,068
District Square Miles Maintained	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2
Pupil Transportation				
Average Daily Students Transported	1,188	1,195	1,162	1,169
Average Daily Bus Fleet Miles	901	901	901	899
Number of Buses	16	16	16	16
Operation of Noninstructional Services				
Food Service Operations				
Students Lunches Served Annually	156,982	146,579	145,932	142,972
Percent of Free/Reduced Price Meals (1)	40%	41%	46%	47%
Extracurricular Activities				
High School Varsity Teams	17	17	17	17

Source: District Treasurer's Office

⁽¹⁾ Food Service operation statistics began using the point of sale system reports in FY 2018 and restated statistics for FY 2017 for comparison purposes.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1,641	1,735	1,718	1,712	1,752	1,685
117	133	137	108	106	115
7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	11.5%	13.8%	12.2%
12	12	12	12	12	12
96.80%	96.70%	96.80%	94.90%	94.00%	94.30%
2,367	2,241	2,287	2,416	2,420	1,940
2,288	2,318	2,302	2,249	2,114	2,443
291,068	291,068	291,068	291,068	291,068	291,068
11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2	11.2
1,181	1,188	1,188	885	886	848
900	901	901	581	533	547
16	16	16	17	16	16
111 100	4.40.050	4.44.450	101.000	404 = 44	4.40.44
141,109	140,972	141,172	134,229	134,746	140,613
47%	48%	49%	63%	57%	55%
17	17	17	21	22	23

Operating Indicators - Teacher Base Salaries Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Minimum Salary	33,286	33,286	33,286	33,286	34,118
Maximum Salary	71,565	71,565	71,565	71,565	73,354
District Average Salary	54,130	54,823	54,334	54,057	52,671
State Average Salary (1)	55,958	56,715	56,715	56,307	55,913

Source: District Treasurer's Office and Ohio Department of Education

Operating Indicators - Teacher by Education Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Bachelor's Degree	9	7	6	6	27
Bachelor + 15 (1)	16	16	9	9	0
Master's Degree	56	56	57	56	64
Master's Degree + 15 (1)	12	12	9	9	0
Master's Degree + 30	13	13	12	12	9
Total	106	104	93	92	100

Source: District Treasurer's Office

Note: Teachers by Education counts are headcounts, while staffing levels are FTEs. Furthermore, this schedule reflects all staff paid on the teaching salary schedules, which includes some individuals with differing functional titles (ex. Guidance)

⁽¹⁾ In 2014, the Bachelor's + 15 and Master's + 15 were removed per negotiations.

⁽²⁾ Ohio Department of Education

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
34,800	35,148	35,148	35,851	36,568
74,820	75,568	77,326	78,872	80,450
51,776	52,446	52,535	55,769	53,490
55,242	57,154	58,849	58,186	60,399

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
26	23	34	30	33
0	0	0	0	0
67	72	57	59	61
0	0	0	0	0
9	9	9	12	10
102	104	100	101	104

Capital Asset Statistics by Building Last Ten Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013
Secondary				
Heath High School				
Square Footage	124,740	124,740	124,740	124,740
Capacity (students)	600	600	600	600
Enrollment	520	513	511	532
Middle				
Heath Middle School				
Square Footage	67,197	67,197	67,197	67,197
Capacity (students)	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	437	457	419	408
Elementary				
Stevenson Elementary School				
Square Footage	44,437	44,437	44,437	44,437
Capacity (students)	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	413	401	381	379
Garfield Elementary School				
Square Footage	44,112	44,112	44,112	44,112
Capacity (students)	450	450	450	450
Enrollment	373	359	347	353
All Other				
Central Administration Building				
Square Footage	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
Capacity	14	14	14	14
Staff	13	13	13	13
Bus Garage				
Square Footage	10,800	10,800	10,800	10,800
Capacity (Buses)	16	16	16	16

Source: District Treasurer's Office

Note: In FY 18, all years of School Enrollment were restated using ODE October headcounts.

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
124,740	124,740	124,740	124,700	124,700	124,700
600	600	600	600	600	600
553	551	549	545	562	485
67,197	67,197	67,197	67,197	67,197	67,197
450	450	450	450	450	450
388	406	396	385	405	421
44,437	44,437	44,437	44,437	44,437	44,437
450	450	450	450	450	450
382	398	410	418	403	385
44,112	44,112	44,112	44,112	44,112	44,112
450	450	450	450	450	450
359	393	397	376	382	394
2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400	2,400
14	14	14	14	14	14
12	13	13	13	13	13
10,800	10,800	10,800	10,800	10,800	10,800
16	16	16	17	16	16

Educational and Operating Statistics Last Ten Years

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
ACT Scores (Average)					
Heath	22.0	21.9	21.8	21.7	21.8
Ohio	21.7	21.7	21.6	21.7	21.7
National	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.3	21.4
Cost per Student (ODE)					
Heath	10,480	10,677	9,136	10,961	8,603
Ohio (Average) (1)	10,512	10,571	10,508	10,149	9,536
Attendance Rate					
Heath	94.70%	95.40%	95.60%	94.80%	96.70%
Ohio (Average)	94.30%	94.50%	94.50%	94.20%	94.30%
Graduation Rate (2)					
Heath	99.30%	96.50%	93.80%	93.30%	91.70%
Ohio (Average)	83.00%	83.30%	81.30%	82.20%	82.30%

Source:

District's Student Records and Ohio Department of Education

- (1) ODE calculation is not based on GAAP financial reports. Beginning in 2014, Cost per Student is based on Equivalent Pupil.
- (2) The 2019 figures were not yet available.
- (a) Beginning with FY12, the Graduation rates from ODE are calculated using a method required by federal law that tracks students when they transfer from school to school- Longitudinal Graduation 4 Year Rate.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
21.9	21.9	21.3	18.3	18.5
21.7	21.7	22.0	20.3	20.0
21.4	21.4	21.0	20.8	20.7
9.225	0.070	0.400	0.225	0.014
8,225	8,978	9,480	8,335	8,914
9,904	9,837	10,445	9,353	9,724
94.90%	94.90%	94.90%	94.00%	94.30%
94.10%	94.10%	93.90%	93.70%	93.50%
0.5.000/	02.400/	02.0004	00.000/	00.000/
96.90%	92.40%	92.80%	90.80%	90.80%
83.00%	83.50%	84.10%	85.30%	85.30%

